

# THE ANTIOCH NEWS.

Pledged to The Republican Policy of Reciprocity and Protection to American Industries, as Formulated in The Republican National Platform.

VOL. XVII.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY, APRIL 14, 1904.

NO. 31

## PEOPLE THAT YOU KNOW

### WHAT THEY ARE DOING—WHERE THEY GO.

Interesting Items Gathered Here and There in Our Journeys About Town.

Elm, Ill., April 11.—No butter was offered and no sales. Official market steady at 24¢; last week 24¢; last year 28¢. Output of week, 429,500 lbs.

Order carpet from samples. L. B. Grice, Hermy Book was transacting business in Chicago Monday.

Dr. York was a Chicago passenger Wednesday morning.

Chas Webb was transacting business in Chicago Tuesday.

Miss Stella Rowling of Aurora is spending the week in this vicinity.

B. F. Von Patten was a Chicago passenger Wednesday morning.

Horse, buggy and harness for sale cheap. Inquire of Jacob King, Antioch. 33-4f

Born to Mr. and Mrs. George Huber on Saturday, April 9, a baby girl.

All kinds of furniture, rock bottom prices at L. B. Grice's.

Thomas Wilton is confined to his home with a severe attack of rheumatism.

Harry Osmond went to Chicago Wednesday morning to purchase more new goods.

Write to Alden, Bidinger & Co., Waukegan, Ill., for prices and terms on new and used pianos and organs. 6f

We have on hand a good supply of school tablets and pencils call and learn our prices. The News Office.

Mrs. F. W. Weigle, of Monroe, Wis., and her mother, Mrs. S. F. Grice, are visiting relatives at this place.

Mr. and Mrs. Percy Chinn after visiting a few days with Antioch relatives and friends returned to their home in Kenosha on Monday.

For Sale—a second hand upright piano. Will be sold cheap. Inquire at this office or of Will Pittman at Wm. Keuhman's store.

Mrs. Anna Karr returned to her home at Gas, Kansas, on Wednesday, after having spent the past three weeks with relatives and friends here.

Have you seen our stock of ladies' fancy box stationery at the News office. All the latest styles and colors with your initial letter neatly printed in any color.

Burglars entered the depot Tuesday night, but as the cash draw had been previously emptied, they were saved the trouble of performing that task.

A Junior League rally will be held at Grayslake on Saturday. All members of the Junior League who wish to attend will meet at the depot at eleven o'clock.

For sale a good span of gentle moles, also two good farm mares, one in foal. Telephone on the Bristol line or write to George A. Shields, Bristol, Wis. 34w2

News was received here the fore part of the week, of the death of Dr. James Walker, of Monterey, Mexico. The deceased is a brother-in-law of Mrs. Jacob VanPatten of this place.

Jerome Jones who has been spending the past few months in Southern Missouri, where he has purchased a farm, returned to Antioch the fore part of the week, and expects to remain here for the summer.

The Ladies Aid society will give a literary and musical concert at the M. E. church on Wednesday evening, April 20. Prof. Linnerren will assist in the program. Admission, children 10c, adults 15c.

Mr. Edgar Williams is confined to the house with blood poison contracted from a scratch on his leg, but is getting along as well as can be expected and hopes are entertained of his being out in a few days.

On Wednesday of last week Sol LaPlant who has been seriously ill with blood poison for some time, underwent an operation at his home in this village. The operation proved successful and we are glad to report that Mr. LaPlant is now steadily on the gain.

Any one desiring lessons on either the piano, organ, violin, guitar or mandolin call at Prof. O. A. Linnerren's studio, at Antioch between the residences of Messrs Pullen and Bibbey. Lessons 50 cents. Carefully selected instruments furnished at low prices.

Next Sunday morning the pastor of the M. E. church will deliver the second in a series of addresses on "Messages from the Church Window," subject on Sunday morning will be "The Prince of Peace and Plenty." The beautiful G. A. R. window suggests this subject. A special invitation is extended to all members of the G. A. R. to be present. In the evening the regular services will be held.

F. K. Shottin, J. J. Morley, and Mr. J. Huber went to Kenosha Tuesday, where, on that evening, they were initiated into the mysteries of Elkhood, after which a banquet was served and a royal good time had. Rumor has it that the goat, who had been specially groomed and conditioned for the reception of J. J. did not disappoint him in the least and left nothing out of the usual ceremonies.

### Corn Contest.

At the next County Farmer's Institute a Corn Contest will be carried on in which the boys of Lake County are invited to join. The conditions of which will be as follows:

A package of 500 grains of pure bread seed corn will be sent by the Illinois Farmer's Institute to any boy under 18 years of age who will write a letter to A. B. Hostetter, Springfield, Ill., enclosing four cents to pay postage on the corn and who will give his name, post office and county, written plainly so that no mistake may be made.

Instructions for planting and selecting the 10 exhibition ears will be sent with the seed. No corn will be sent after May 1st.

The Lake County Farmer's Institute will offer liberal premiums for the exhibition of 10 ears.

### Annual Village Election.

Notice is hereby given to the legal voters of the Village of Antioch, County of Lake State of Illinois, that the annual village election of officers for said village will be held Tuesday, April 19, 1904, for the purpose of electing

Three Trustees, regular term,  
One Trustee, to fill vacancy,  
One Village Clerk,  
One Village Treasurer.

Above election will open at the hour of 7:00 a. m. and close at 5:00 p. m. at the village hall in the village of Antioch.

Given under my hand this 28th day of March A. D. 1904.

L. M. HUGHES,  
Village Clerk.

### Resolutions of Sunday School.

Whereas, Our Heavenly Father has seen fit to remove from our midst our fellow-pupil, Lawrence Larson; and

Whereas, The Sunday School has lost a faithful member; be it

Resolved, That the School extend to the bereaved father, mother, brothers and sister our heartfelt sympathy and assure them that we, as a school, extend our condolence, and may He who doeth all things well, comfort them in their great affliction.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the bereaved family, one to the Antioch News, and one spread upon the records of the Sunday School.

Mrs. McDUGALL,  
LILLIE WATSON,  
JENNIE SIDLEY,  
Committee.

Whereas, Our Heavenly Father, according to his divine will, has seen fit to remove from our midst Lawrence Larson; and

Whereas, Lawrence Larson has been a faithful student and a fellow pupil of the Antioch high school, therefore, be it

Resolved, That we, the pupils and teachers of the Antioch high school extend to his parents our heartfelt sympathy in their great loss and bereavement.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be presented to the parents and that they also be published in the Antioch News

Adopted April 13, 1904.

LENA BILLETT,  
CLARENCE CHOWLEY,  
OLIVE TIFFANY,  
Committee.

### Zion City Gets \$105,000.

Zion City has, it is said, received \$105,000 from the Chicago & Milwaukee Electric Railway Company for the right of way through the town. The deal also gives the railway company such land as is needed for switching purposes. The rights are all along private property, save where streets are crossed, and comprise about thirty acres.

### Card of Thanks.

I wish to express my thanks to the Court of Honor for their payment in full, of my claim on the benefit certificate of my husband the late Andrew F. Herman.

MINNIE HERMAN

### An Age of Amazons.

Whereas, a decade since the average size in women's shoes was three, five being accounted specially large, seven and eight are now commonly asked for; while the average size has become five.

## FUNERAL OF GEO. DAVIS

### HELD AT THE METHODIST CHURCH TUESDAY

His Body Was Recovered Sunday and the Inquest Held by Coroner Taylor in the Afternoon

On Sunday morning the parties who have been diligently searching for the body of George Davis, who was drowned on Wednesday March 23, were at last successful in their search. The remains were at once brought to the undertaking rooms of J. C. James, Jr., where Coroner Taylor held an inquest Sunday afternoon.

The body was in a fairly good state of preservation considering the length of time it had been in the water. The funeral services were held at the M. E. church, Tuesday forenoon and were in charge of the Trevor and Antioch camps, M. W. A. with Rev. Cleworth officiating. He said in part:

Text: John V. 13. "Greater love hath no man than this, that a man lay down his life for his friends."

The sacrifices of life for friendship's sake are most touching. The Bible presents records of friendships that were sustained only at tremendous cost. Witness the sacrifice Jonathan made to befriend David.

The son of a king touched with the pathetic appeal from the persecuted shepherd lad, imperils his own life to shield the life of his friend. The story of that self-sacrifice never grows old. Human hearts are always touched by that scene in yonder field where David and Jonathan stand, pledging their fidelity each to the other, and binding their interests together in a life-long bond.

Who is not thrilled with the story in Shakespeare's merchant of Venice. To befriend Bassanio that true hearted Roman Antonio signs fearful contract. He writes the bargain with his very blood. A pound of flesh cut from nearest the heart, if the money is not returned to Shylock on a certain date. All this to lend his friend the money he needs.

I have forgotten many stories that I read in my school days, but never will I forget the thrilling story of that faithful servant who perished for his master's sake, on the steppes of Russia. Hungry wolves set upon the travelers. Shot after shot smote the leaders of the howling pack. Soon all the ammunition was exhausted. Then the faithful horses were cut from their places and left to be devoured, until the party could spare no more. On came the wolves. The servant rose from his place and said to his master "I'll give my life to the wolves, you drive on to safety." Do you wonder that the master went back one day to erect a monument and write upon it the words of our text? "Greater love hath no man than this, that a man lay down his life for his friends."

In the art building at the World's Fair in Chicago there hung the paintings of a famous artist. Crowds stood before those pictures admiring the splendid works. Only the few would go away to remember those works of art; but when that artist sprang in front of an express train to save the life of a little child the whole world resounded with his praises. The heart of the world is touched with the act of self-sacrifice more than with all the productions that master hands have painted.

Christ spoke a great truth when he uttered the words of our text. The self-denials of friendships are immortal. Love rises to its greatest height when it casts selfishness behind and marches to its calvary.

The one whose memory we honor today gave his life for his friends. Rather than see his neighbors suffer he took his own life in his hands and rushed to their rescue. All thought of self protection vanished from his mind as he struggled to help those who were in danger. This one deed has made him immortal. To generations yet unborn will be told the story of this heroic man. "Greater love hath no man than this."

I cannot stop with this text. The modest gentle Christ would not say "I have shown a greater love than man can know." But this is what He did. Man dies for his friends, Christ dies for his enemies. "In that while we were yet sinners Christ died for the ungodly," who can measure a love like that?

Mourning friends it is to this Divine friend I point you today. He loves you with a greater love than man has ever felt. His sympathy is deeper; His consolation is richer; His fidelity is truer than man can offer. When Mary and Martha stood weeping at the sepulchre that held their dearest friend, the master stood beside them touched with a feeling for their grief. Tears found their way down his blessed cheeks and as he wept the Jews marveled and said "Behold how he loved him."

This same Divine sympathizing friend is yours today. He is a friend that sticketh closer than a brother. As he stands beside you today I am led to exclaim "Behold how he loves you."

Neighbors I appeal to you over the silent form of our brother to love one another even to the point of great sacrifice. Love is the fulfilling of the law. Greater love hath no man than this, that a man lay down his life for his friends.

## COCKTAILS AID TO EDUCATION.

### Unusual Point Brought Out in Lecture Before Body of Architects.

The fact that a knowledge of cocktails and dancing are requisite to a technical education in engineering and architecture was laid before members of the local chapter of Architects at its meeting at Ohio Mechanics' Institute a few nights ago in a discussion on the subject of "Technical Education," led by Prof. Herman Schneider of the Cincinnati university.

The speaker, in making the statement, cited instances where inquiries had come to the Lehigh university for engineering graduates who knew how to drink cocktails, who could dance, and whose personal appearance was good and who possessed a good education in engineering.

The inquiry came from a large eastern bridge company, and two men answering the description were employed at \$150 per month, and Prof. Schneider stated that they were drawing \$4,000 a year.

"Engineers," said he, "must now have a broad education and be able to put up a good front and go into any kind of society. Firms want men who can go out to meet prospective big customers, entertain them and be able to talk intelligently about the wine they are drinking, social topics and also on engineering matters."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

### A Mile Track for Libertyville.

Gangs of men are busily engaged, material hauled and preliminary preparations perfected looking to the building of one of the best mile race courses in the United States and the erection of modern stables, a steel amphitheatre and other essential structures, the whole cost to aggregate \$150,000, by the recently organized Libertyville Trotting association at Libertyville.

N. F. Chamberlain, of Chicago, a contractor, who has handled many large government jobs, particularly in Cuba, is on the ground and in charge of the work, under direction of F. E. Marsh, president of the association.

The blue prints show three magnificent courses of pleasing architecture and 84x94. In each barn a driveway 14 feet wide separates the box stalls which line either side, 72 in. all. Besides these box stalls 12x12 are to line the tight board fence which inclose the grounds.

A steel amphitheatre having a seating capacity of 5,000 and so constructed as to readily allow of enlargement, a handsome building, will adorn the west end of the grounds. It is to be finished in six months.

### The New Board of Supervisors.

The make-up of the County Board of Supervisors next year will be as follows:

Benton, F. H. Wilkie, holdover.  
Newport, G. B. Stephens, holdover.  
Antioch, A. N. Tiffany, holdover.  
Grant, Thos. E. Graham, re-elected.  
Avon, H. C. Edward, holdover.  
Warren, W. F. Clow, re-elected.  
Waukegan, J. K. Bower, holdover.  
Waukegan, L. M. Ekstrand, holdover.  
Waukegan, David Adams, re-elected.  
Waukegan, Samuel Woolley, re-elected.  
Shields, Jas. Anderson, holdover.  
Libertyville, W. E. Miller, re-elected.  
Fremont, H. C. W. Meyer, holdover.  
Wauconda, A. J. Raymond, newly elected.  
Cuba, M. T. Lamey, re-elected.  
Ela, D. Huntington, re-elected.  
Vernon, Geo. Quantin, newly elected.  
W. Deerfield, M. Hornberger, re-elected.  
Deerfield, M. Gibbs, newly elected.  
Deerfield, James McDonald, holdover.

### Agreed With the Doctor.

A new variation of a good old story is making the rounds of the British papers. It runs like this:

The coroner had directed the jury to find a verdict of felo-de-se.

"Well, chaps," said the foreman of the jury, when they had retired to consider the verdict, "it appears to me that this 'ere chap shot 'isself with a gun, after shootin' another chap with a gun, but Dr. Jones, the coroner, who we all know and 'ighly respect, 'e says that this 'ere chap fell in the sea. Well, it ain't for the likes of us to go arguin' the point with the doctor, for 'e knows more about it than we do. So, I propose we find a verdict of found drowned"—and they did.

### Best Cough Medicine for Children.

When you buy a cough medicine for small children you want one in which you can place implicit confidence. You want one that not only relieves but cures; You want one that is unquestionably harmless. You want one that is pleasant to take. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy meets all of these conditions. There is nothing so good for the coughs and colds incident to childhood. It is also a certain preventive and cure for croup, and there is no danger whatever from whooping cough when it is given. It has been used in many epidemics of that disease with perfect success. For sale by all druggists.

## SHOT BY HIS BROTHER

### LAWRENCE LARSON DIES FROM GUN WOUND

Freddie Larson, Aged 11, Accidentally Shoots His Brother, Aged 14, While Cleaning Gun.

On Saturday about one o'clock doctors were hurriedly summoned to the residence of Fred Larson north of town where a terrible accident had occurred, and which before night had proved fatal.

It appears that Lawrence and Freddie Larson, aged fourteen and eleven years respectively, had been playing with a shot gun and it being rusty they were attempting to clean it. While engaged in this work the gun was in some manner accidentally discharged, the contents striking Lawrence, entering the lower part of the back inflicting fatal injuries from which he died about four o'clock.

The wound was of such a nature that the boy suffered untold agonies until death relieved him of his suffering.

Coroner Taylor held an inquest Sunday and the jury returned a verdict of accidental shooting.

Lawrence Herman Larson was born in Kenosha Wis., October 1st 1889, and died April 9th, 1904, aged 14 years, 6 months and 9 days. He has been a scholar of Antioch for eight years and at the time of his death was in the first year of high school. He was a faithful member of the M. E. Sunday School and Junior League and was taken in the church Jan. 19, 1902.

The funeral services were held from the M. E. church Tuesday afternoon, the school children attending in a body. The interment was at the Hillside cemetery. Rev. Wm. C. Clagworth delivered the sermon and said in part:

Text: Mark XIII-37. "And what I say unto you I say unto all, Watch."

The wise man is marked by his forethought. The difference in character between the five wise and five foolish virgins lay in this spirit of readiness. The foolish took no thought of the unexpected, the wise prepared for an emergency. In view of certain great facts Christ urged men to watch. Had he never given men this exhortation these very facts would of themselves, cry out to us their warning. Will you note these facts?

First, "The uncertainty of life." Our best laid plans are often defeated. Today men may say we will do this and that not dreaming what will occur tomorrow. We go forth in the morning with life's measure full, we are carried back at evening time helpless and lifeless. How uncertain life is, a kick from a horse, a slip of the foot, a certain movement of the body may be the opening of eternity's door to us, surely "there is but a step between us and death."

Another great fact is the certainty of death. We must face the inevitable, all men are mortal. Very many things in this life we cannot be sure of, but death is certain. There is no escape from the "King of Terrors." Men and women have offered fabulous sums to bribe the Angel of Death, but money cannot buy him, and power cannot turn him from his purpose. Never has this great fact pressed itself more strongly upon us than it does today. Strength and youth have gone down before the power of death. Standing in the face of this great fact does Christ's injunction not come with double force "What I say unto you I say unto all, watch."

Another great fact is this, we determine our destinies, circumstances bear us sometimes until we think.

"In spite of all the labor we create"

"We only row but we are steered by fate."

In the larger sense this is not true. Man is greater than his circumstances and can determine his destiny, indeed we all do determine it. Here is a fact as truly as the former statements are facts. If life is uncertain and death is sure what then? We can say what will be our destinies and that is the best of all. Here are three great facts. Do they not speak their message to our hearts? Can we not hear the words "What I say unto you I say unto all, watch."

Our little friend whose remains lie in our presence to day had heard the words of the Master and had heeded them. His Sunday School teacher told me that time and again Lawrence had expressed himself as being a Christian. The last song he sang was that one containing the solemn question "Are you ready for the Judgment day?"

### Card of Thanks.

We wish to express our heartfelt thanks to all friends and neighbors for their kindness and sympathy in our great sorrow, and especially for the beautiful flowers.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Larson and family.

### Fossils from Cape Breton.

A collection of 800 Cambrian fossils from Cape Breton has been added to the paleontology class in the museum of Wesleyan at Middletown, Conn. Three or four metallic pieces showing the effects of lightning have also been placed on exhibition.

### The Delinquent Tax.

County Treasurer Price has completed checking up the collector's books and the figures show that of a total tax of about \$475,000, \$387,000 has been collected. The corrected figures are:

	Taxed.	Collected.	Delin.
Zion City	\$ 44,749	\$ 44,045	\$ 704
Benton out			
side of Zion	5,105	3,746	1,419
Newport	7,780	7,416	814
Antioch	15,887	14,580	807
Grant	5,092	3,255	1,837
Avon	11,876	11,186	690
Warren	10,716	9,884	832
Waukegan City	106,325	86,822	19,402
Waukegan Town	18,565	12,304	4,246
L. F. City	66,508	57,788	8,722
Shields	26,964	17,043	9,919
Libertyville	15,263	15,969	844
Fremont	8,876	8,995	453
Wauconda	8,115	7,645	469
Cuba	10,019	8,450	1,568
Vernon	6,808	6,420	387
Ela	11,088	10,758	330
W. Deerfield	11,462	8,846	2,616
High P. City	81,203	88,460	22,784
Deerfield	18,480	11,621	6,859

### Floored the Butcher.

The first premier of New Zealand was a flat and eloquent Irishman, James Edward Fitzgerald.

On his first election he was subjected to much interruption at the hustings by a butcher, who enjoyed a dual notoriety as a heckler in local politics and as owner of the first sausage-machine imported into the new settlement.

The crowd weary of his interjections and heckled him in turn, and at last one man called to him, "Leave politics and go back to your sausage-machine!"

"If I had the candidate in my sausage-machine I'd make mince-meat of him," cried the excited butcher.

Fitzgerald, with immobile face, retorted, "Is thy servant a dog that thou shouldst do this thing?"

### Robbed the Grave.

A startling incident is narrated by John Oliver, of Philadelphia, as follows: "I was in an awful condition. My skin was almost yellow, eyes sunken, tongue coated, pain continually in back and sides, no appetite, growing weaker day by day. Three physicians gave me up. Then I was advised to use Electric Bitters; to my great joy, the first bottle made a decided improvement. I continued their use for three weeks, and am now a well man. I know they robbed the grave of another victim." No one should fail to try them. Only 50c, guaranteed, at J. H. Swan's drug store.

### Edinburgh Honors 'Hannie' Taylor.

The University of Edinburgh has conferred the degree of doctor of laws on Hannie Taylor, former United States minister to Spain. The same honor was conferred some time ago by the University of Dublin. Mr. Taylor will receive the degree at Dublin the last of June and at Edinburgh early in July. His text books are used in both universities.

### The Wisconsin Central Railway.

Reaches the principal points in Wisconsin, offering Pullman Sleepers, Free Reclining Chair Cars, modern coaches and dining and cafe service between Chicago, Milwaukee, Manitowish and St. Paul, Minneapolis, Ashland and Duluth. Connections are made with diverging lines at all terminal points. Meals served a la carte. For tickets, sleeping car reservations and further information apply to agents of this company, or write Jas. C. Pond, Gen. Pass. Agent, Milwaukee, Wis.

### Births Decreasing in Germany.

There has been a steady decrease in the number of births in Germany during the last few decades. From 1870 to 1880 the number of births was 40.7 for every 1,000 inhabitants; during the following decade it fell to 38.2 and from 1890 to 1900 it was not more than 37.4 or about as much as during the '50s.

### A Thoughtful Man.

M. M. Austin, of Winchester, Ind., knew what to do in the hour of need. His wife had such an unusual case of stomach and liver trouble, physicians could not help her. He thought of and tried Dr. King's New Life Pills and she got relief at once and was finally cured. Only 25c. at J. H. Swan's drug store.

### LOCAL MARKET REPORT.

Oats—20 lbs. ear	40.25
Corn—20 lbs. ear	37.00 @ 41.00
MILL FEED.	
Barley	42.00
Middlings	20.00 @ 22.00
Grits	21.00
Oil Meal, per 100 lbs.	25.00
Chicken Feed Wheat	1.25
MEAT.	
Hogs—Live weight	5.50
Hogs—Dressed	6.75
POULTRY.	
Turkeys	10c
Ducks	10c
Geese	8c
Chickens—Live weight	6c



## The Antioch News.

A. B. JOHNSON, Publisher.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS.

### MANY HARVEST HANDS

#### MEN FROM THE EAST SEEKING WORK IN KANSAS.

State Free Employment Bureau Is Deluged With Applications—Dr. Andrews Opposes Big Family Idea—Laugh Wins a Man a Million.

The prospects for a good crop of Kansas wheat are promising enough for the farmers of the State to be thinking of getting an adequate supply of harvest hands into the State from the East. T. B. Gerow, director of the Kansas free employment bureau, says that many young men of the East will combine business with pleasure this summer by spending a month in the Kansas wheat fields and another month at the world's fair in St. Louis. Men are writing to Mr. Gerow now on the subject. They want to see the fair and they are short of funds. They figure they can make enough in the harvest fields in one month to pay their transportation both ways and their expenses while at the fair. Mr. Gerow agrees with them. Railroad rates from the East to St. Louis will be cheap and the rates from St. Louis to the Kansas wheat fields will not be more than a cent a mile. Mr. Gerow is now in correspondence with wheat growers and county clerks regarding the number of harvest hands needed. Harvest begins in southern Kansas the first week in June and ends in the northern counties the last of July.

#### OPPOSES BIG FAMILY IDEA.

Dr. Andrews Differs from Roosevelt Unless Parents Are Wealthy. Chancellor E. Benjamin Andrews, speaking to students of the Nebraska State University Medical College at Lincoln, took for his subject "Health as a Duty," and asserted that the matter of anti-race suicide exploited by President Roosevelt had another side. He cited a New York club whose membership is confined to those who are the parents of ten or more children, and said it was the duty of the well-to-do to raise large families of children, because such parents were better fitted to bring their offspring up to useful lives. But this, he said, could be overdone. He thought ten children too many. It was his opinion that every person should be as healthy as it was possible for him to be.

#### MILLION WON BY LAUGH.

A Guffaw Saves Kentuckian from Shot and He Rewards Humor. A hearty laugh has won an estate valued at a million for John Donahue, a resident of Tremont, Pa. Several years ago while he was prospecting in the Cumberland mountains of Bell County, Kentucky, he met a man named Bowman, who owned a large tract of land. Bowman had a quarrel with a desperado and the latter had drawn a gun to shoot when Donahue laughed—a loud, hearty, infectious laugh. The desperado in his astonishment dropped his gun and Bowman escaped. As a reward for the laugh he gave Donahue a part of his land. The latter has just learned that a coal vein worth \$1,000,000 has been discovered there.

#### STEALS LOCOMOTIVE.

Pneumonia Patient Escapes and Is Found 25 Miles Away. Charles Nelson, aged 22, who escaped Thursday from a Dubuque, Minn., hospital while in delirium from pneumonia, was found at Carlton, twenty-five miles away, where he had boarded a locomotive. The engine crew was in the lunch room when a stranger climbed into the cab. The engineer raced after the locomotive, which was gathering speed, in time to get aboard and bring it to a stop. Nelson was out of his mind, and his suffering from exposure makes his recovery improbable.

#### Reclaiming the Desert.

An immense irrigation scheme is about to be inaugurated in Utah by the government. The plan contemplates making a reservoir of Utah lake. The cost will be about \$5,000,000. It is estimated that 1,000,000 acres will be irrigated, adding \$30,000,000 to the land valuation of the State.

#### Value of Bordeaux Mixture.

An expert of the Agricultural Department at Washington has discovered in Bordeaux mixture a sure means of exterminating typhoid, malarial germs and mosquitoes. The mixture is simple and is declared to be of vast good in clarifying the water supply of cities.

#### Hold-Up in Store.

Three robbers entered the drug store of Walter G. Seibert, 1250 West Garfield boulevard, Chicago, and after making a purchase, shot the proprietor and rifled the cash register.

#### Hobson Is Defeated.

Captain Richmond Pearson Hobson was defeated in his fight for the nomination for Congress from the Sixth Alabama district, J. H. Bokhead, the incumbent, being renominated at the primaries.

#### Lynchehaun Has Disappeared.

James Lynchehaun, the Irish fugitive, whose extradition case is pending in the Supreme Court of the United States, has disappeared from Indianapolis.

#### Government Crop Report.

The government April crop report shows a lower condition for winter wheat than expected. There are rumors of huge harvests of corn. Provisions are weak.

#### Newton Man Under Suspicion.

Impprint of a hand, found by the police on the skirt of the murdered Boston heiress, Miss Mabel Page, will be used in an effort to connect Charles L. Tucker, now under arrest at Newton, Mass., with the crime.

#### Shot for Defying Union.

G. A. Smith, a foreman at the Pueblo, Colo., steel works, was shot in the head by an unknown person and will die from the wound. His assailant was one of a number of men who had abused him for using coal mined by non-union men.

### MOB HINDERS SOLONS.

Convening of Cuban House Prevented by Riotous Scenes in Chamber.

The Cuban Congress was to have convened Monday, but only the Senate was in session. The House was simply a riot, owing to the enormous number of disputes over election frauds and charges of fraud made by the various contesting members.

All the nationalist members refused to enter the chamber, the nationalists fearing that if the question of contested seats arose they would be outvoted by the coalition largely arranged between the republicans and moderate liberals. The nationalists, however, came into the building accompanied by several hundred local followers, who crowded into the audience part of the chamber and into the halls and streets adjoining, shouting "vivas" for the nationalist party. The republicans and moderate liberals, for the most part, remained in their seats.

The Speaker of the House, a nationalist, not being present, the Vice-Speaker called upon the sergeant-at-arms and the employees of the House to preserve order, but the crowd was too great to handle.

Lionel Castillo, a nationalist, who was one of those elected, mounted the reporters' table and, addressing the crowd, assured it that justice would be done and that the representatives who had been fraudulently declared elected would never be permitted to take their seats.

As the disorder continued, Representative Josea, himself a nationalist, addressed the people to the effect that the demonstration in the House was not only unlawful but outrageous, and he counseled them that no redress of grievances could be had by such means. The people thereupon began to withdraw quietly, just as a squad of police entered the building.

President Palma's message was read in the Senate. On the subject of contested elections and election frauds President Palma said he had abstained from intervention in all questions arising out of the elections, leaving their settlement to other and proper authorities. This message also showed the prosperity of the island. The sugar industry had enormously increased the danger of overproduction. Cuba, he thought, should consider other forms of industry.

Cattle have increased from 953,011 head in 1902 to 1,223,613 and horses and mules from 187,728 to 230,473.

The message says the public health is excellent. The number of deaths in Havana in 1903 is the lowest since 1820. The rate in the island is not over fifteen per 1,000. He also says not a single case of yellow fever nor smallpox has originated in Cuba during the year.

Regarding the reciprocity treaty, President Palma says both countries have agreed that Cuban or American products exported to other countries and shipped to the United States or Cuba shall enjoy the benefits of the treaty. Cuba, he said, had proposed this measure to prevent other nations from passing off their own products as Cuban or American.

### A WONDERFUL REVIVAL.

Former Baseball Player Converts Thousands in the West.

For nearly a month and a half a religious revival, tempered with a sweep over northern Illinois and eastern Iowa. The section covered with this religious outburst embraces a population of over 500,000, and of this number 200,000 have attended the revival meetings. Night after night special trains have carried people by the thousands to Sterling, Ill., and at one meeting 1,647 converts were made. No hall in the place was large enough to accommodate the crowds, and such a demand arose for the opportunity of hearing the sermons that a telephone system was introduced and 183 cities and towns in Iowa and Illinois were connected with the hall where the exercises were held. In this way 8,000 persons while sitting in their own homes were enabled to hear the sermons every night.

As a result of the revival the different church societies in this part of Illinois have trebled and in some cases quadrupled their membership. Before the revival only 15 per cent of the people of Sterling attended church; now the percentage has swelled until practically the entire community is drawn to the churches.

The wonder of this religious upheaval is William A. Sunday, a former baseball player of national prominence. He has been an evangelist eight years. After one of his sermons fourteen whist clubs disbanded and many other clubs, organized for pleasure, have gone out of business.

### ARMED CONVICTS ARE FOILED.

Attempt to Escape from Missouri Penitentiary at Jefferson City.

A desperate attempt to escape from the Missouri penitentiary at Jefferson City was made Tuesday by four convicts, heavily armed and also carrying sticks of dynamite. They succeeded in cutting their way out of their cells, and when John Williams, a guard, in making his rounds, came upon them in the corridor, they called upon him to halt. Williams fled and gave the alarm. A corps of guards responded and soon overpowered the convicts and placed them in other cells.

The convicts—James Thornton, P. T. Ellis, James McDonald and J. C. Millard—assert that they secured the revolvers and dynamite by express, but the prison authorities believe the weapons and explosive were smuggled to them by friends in visiting. An investigation was immediately instituted.

Thornton, Ellis and McDonald came to the penitentiary three years ago on ten-year sentences each for safe-blowing in Platte County. Millard was sentenced from Cape Girardeau County for grand larceny.

Chicago's Wooden Sidewalks. There are pending against the city of Chicago damage suits to the amount of \$38,000,052. Most of these suits have been brought by persons who have suffered injuries because of the city's miserable wooden sidewalks. The streets and sidewalks of the Windy City are admittedly among the worst in the world and the city's finances are in such deplorable condition that there is little prospect of their betterment.

David Belasco of New York is to erect a fine, modern theater at Omaha, Neb.

### LITTLE NEWS OF WAR.

#### VIRTUALLY NO LAND FIGHTING HAS YET TAKEN PLACE.

Armies of Combatants in the Far East Maneuvering for Position—Russians Are Reported Having Retracted Out of Korea and Across the Yalu.

Maneuvering for position seems to be the only form which will fit the land movements in the war between Russia and Japan in the far East. Virtually no fighting on land has taken place up to the present writing. It seems to be established, however, that Russia has been driven out of Korea. The Japanese now hold possession of the entire country. Press dispatches from several different sources confirm the news of Russia's rout. These dispatches say that the Russians have retreated across the Yalu river, which separates Korea from Manchuria, and that such a state of panic exists that the Czar's soldiers have abandoned positions which might have been defensible.

In less than eight weeks the Japanese army has landed at Chemulpo, marched thirty-five miles to Seoul, the capital of Korea, established a military base there, swung to the left, marched 150 miles to Pingyang, fortified that place and created a base there extended strongholds from Pingyang across the Korean peninsula to Gensan, pressed northward to Chongju, driving the Russians out of it, continued the march to Wiju, and occupied that town without a struggle.

During the 300 mile march from Seoul to Wiju there were no battles and few skirmishes. The Russians were not in force below the Yalu and made no serious effort to hinder the Japanese advance. Nevertheless the Japanese have already proved themselves to be great soldiers. They have shown that they possess a wonderful military organization, that they understand far more perfectly than do the Americans how to coordinate the movements of the navy and



AT THE GATE OF SEOUL.

the army, and that they are sturdy, enduring marchers.

The march from Seoul to Wiju must have been a bitterly hard one. The roads were frozen and deep in snow at the beginning of the war; they are now knee or waist deep in mud. They are at the heat of seasons and in the best of conditions narrow, uneven, and of insecure footing.

Over 300 miles of such footing the Japanese army has trudged at an average rate of six miles a day. Six miles a day is not much for a forced march of picked troops, but it is a good, solid, eight-week average for an army carrying its provisions and artillery with it.

It was chiefly over Korea that the war was waged. The Russians wanted at least half of the country. Japan would not consent to the advance of Russia to the very doors, almost, of the Mikado. Japan knew full well that aggressive Russia would not long be content with merely a portion of Korea. "You must keep out of Korea" was the edict of Japan.

But mighty Russia was bent on her purposes, and the world doubted the power of Japan to make good its ultimatum. Yet in two months, Japan has



JAPANESE CAVALRY DETAINING.

cleared Korea of the Russians, and now holds by force of arms the little kingdom which played so prominent a part in the diplomacy that ended in war.

Japan is now in a position to invade Manchuria itself. When Japan does this, European statesmen predict a carnage of battle, compared to which the past events of the war will be of little consequence.

If the Russians draw up their forces in Manchuria they are not confronted with the danger of being taken in the rear by the fleet. Manchuria is not, like Korea, a peninsula. The fleet can get behind no army in Manchuria. It was, therefore, probably their loss of the sea which caused the Russians not to fight for Korea in Korea.

The Japanese occupy Korea. But that does not signify that the Japanese will continue in possession of it after the treaty of peace is signed. If the Russians can shatter the Mikado's forces in Manchuria, they may be able to compel his men to retrace the steps of their wonderful march. But one thing is sure—that the Japanese retreat through Korea would be a far bloodier affair for both sides than was the Japanese advance.

Japan has fifteen docks capable of accommodating warships.

### BATTLE ON THE YALU.

Japs Force the Fighting on the West Bank of the River.

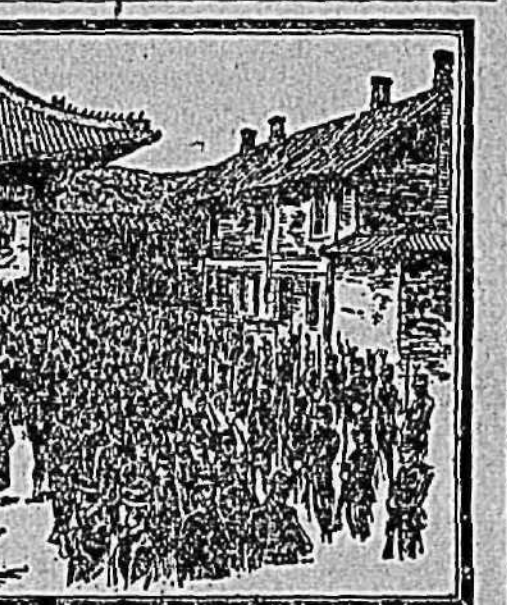
It is reported that a battle has taken place at Kieulen-Cheng, on the west side of the Yalu. In the vicinity of Chien-con, on the west side of the Liao river, the Russians are taking large quantities of horses, cattle and provisions from the natives by force. Their treatment has exasperated the Chinese to such an extent that a collision is hourly expected.

At Nanchang reports continue to arrive of incessant Japanese activity at the mouth of the Yalu. Light-draught transports that are able to come up the shallow channel are reaching Yungampho, where there is deep water alongside a lumber jetty, and the disembarkation of troops and stores is constantly in progress.

Some surprise has been expressed that no measures are being taken to harass the Japanese landing. The Yalu is only a mile and a half wide at Yungampho and the southern bank is within the range of the Russian artillery fire at Antung. It is difficult to believe that the Japanese really intend to advance from the Yalu to attack undoubtedly strong forces in front of them, which are held well in hand and can be concentrated at any given point. It is far more likely that the Korean game is a bluff to distract attention from other more important and decisive land operations. The belief is strong that while a descent will be made at Yin-Kow, whence a move will be made to block the road south from Liao-Yang into the peninsula, the chief and real attack will be from some point near Port Arthur.

#### Russian Tactics Shown.

There is further confirmation, according to a military expert, of the fact that the Russians, abandoning opposition to the march of the Japanese toward the mouth of the Yalu, have evacuated the lower part of the left bank of the river without giving battle and have only left in touch on the right bank of Gen. Kuropatkin some strong parties of Cossacks. This develops the plan of Gen. Kuropatkin, which consists in gaining time and drawing toward him, if it leads



AT THE GATE OF SEOUL.

itself to this maneuver, the Japanese army, which is now deployed from Ping-Yang to An-Ju and beyond.

"It is announced," continues the expert, "that the Russians have occupied in force Feng-Wang-Cheng, having only left some detachments as guards, from Antung to Kien-Lien-Tien and above this point, for the earthworks which they have constructed on the left bank. It appears, therefore, that the defense which is being prepared there will not be very serious, but it is certain that Gen. Kuropatkin is endeavoring to cross the Yalu with his army to penetrate into Manchuria by the Pekin road."

#### Makarov to Be Superseded.

A dispatch from Sebastopol says that when Admiral Skrydloff arrives in the far East with the Baltic fleet he will supersede Admiral Makarov as admiral-in-chief. The correspondent asserts that there is a great shortage of naval officers, and that the ministry of marine has decided to quadruple the number of naval cadets.

The attempt to blockade Port Arthur is giving great trouble, says the same correspondent. The Russians are trying to break up the sunken ships with dynamite, but stores six feet in size are difficult of dislodgment. It has been ascertained that three out of four of the stone laden steamers which were sunk by the Japanese in the latest attempt to block Port Arthur were placed exactly in the intended positions.

### WAR NEWS IN BRIEF.

Gen. Kuropatkin has returned to Liao-Yang.

It is believed the Japanese fleet is covering the landing of troops in Korea.

A Korean prefect says the Russians and Chinese have withdrawn from Yungampho.

Nine Japanese officials, disguised as Chinamen, have gone north to Gen. Ma's headquarters.

A dispatch from Seoul says that Japanese supply steamers are safely entering the estuary of the Yalu river and are landing cargoes at various points on the Korean shore.

Dispatches received in Berlin from St. Petersburg contain the statement that the Czar is about to proceed to the seat of war, making temporary headquarters at Irkutsk.

Reports from the seat of war state that the Russian cavalry and the Japanese skirmishers exchanged shots near Wiju. Five Japanese were killed. The stores of a Russian village near Yungampho were wrecked and burned by a detachment of Japanese infantry. In another skirmish near Wiju six Japanese were killed.

The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Petit Parisien states that a general mobilization of the Russian army is in course of preparation.

Telegrams received in Seoul state that the Russians are occupying six of the largest border towns on the Tumen river, in northeastern Korea.

The Japanese navy is divided into seven squadrons. The first to the fourth squadrons are watching Port Arthur, the fifth patrols the Korean coast, while the sixth and seventh cruises between Vladivostok and Japan. The ships have sustained little damage so far.

## CONGRESS.

The Senate Wednesday passed a number of minor bills and a resolution authorizing the printing of 110,000 copies of a report on the beet sugar industry. Mr. Heyburn spoke in support of the pure-food law, advocating the McCumber bill instead of the Hepburn bill. The Senate adopted a resolution asking the Department of Agriculture to submit a report of the results of its investigation of drugs. Consideration of the postoffice appropriation bill was resumed, and Mr. Quarles spoke for an amendment increasing the pay of rural carriers. Messrs. Mower, Nelson and Lathrop opposed abolishing the parcel delivery privileges of the rural carriers. Finally the amendment by Mr. Quarles was ruled out of order. The committee amendment to permit carriers to receive newspaper and magazine subscriptions and deliver parcels was agreed to. In a five-hour session the House passed several bills relating to the District of Columbia, including one incorporating the Carnegie Institute. It also passed the Governor omnibus claims bill, carrying approximately \$228,000 for the payment of small claims; agreed to the conference report on the fortifications bill, and insisted on its disagreement to an amendment in that bill providing for the purchase of a submarine boat. The Alaska delegate bill was taken up, and Mr. Cushman of Washington made a long explanation of the measure.

The Senate Thursday listened to eulogies of the late Senator Hanna. The galleries were well filled and the speakers were given close attention. Those who spoke were Messrs. Foraker, Scott, Cockrell, Platt (Conn.), Cullom, Blackburn, Elkins, Fairbanks, Daniel, Perkins, Denney, Beveridge, Dooliver, Kearns and Dick. The Swayne impeachment proceeding was disposed of in five minutes by the House by the adoption of a resolution making the case a special order for Dec. 13 next. In the meantime the judiciary committee is to take additional testimony in the case. After disposing of a conference report on the army appropriation bill, the House took up the bill extending the coastwise laws to the Philippines. By a vote of 122 to 100 a special rule was adopted to vote on the bill after a debate of two hours. This was exhausted in five minutes, when the session closed.

The contracts for the canceling machines in the Postoffice Department were debated at length in the Senate Friday in connection with the postoffice bill. An amendment by Mr. Culberson limiting the rental of the machines to their cost was defeated. The consideration of the bill was not completed. The first hour of the session was devoted to a discussion by Mr. Patterson of the Chinese question, in which he maintained that the exclusion laws would be ineffective after Dec. 7 unless there was additional legislation. The House passed the Philippine shipping bill, the only amendment being to extend the time when the law shall become operative until July 1, 1904. The bill appropriating \$475,000 in aid of the Lewis and Clark Centennial Exposition to be held in Portland, Ore., was passed without division.

In the Senate Saturday Mr. Spooner replied to the Democratic strictures on the conduct of the Postoffice Department. He defended the course of the Postmaster General and charged that the effort on the part of the Democratic Senators to secure a congressional inquiry was in the interest of party politics. He also defended the President against attacks. No progress was made on the postoffice bill. The conference report on the Indian appropriation bill was partly read, but further consideration was postponed on the suggestion that the conference had inserted provisions that had not been passed upon by either house. The bill for the aid of the Portland, Ore., exposition was passed, as was the Philippine shipping bill. In the House Mr. Cockeran spoke in his resolution directing an inquiry by the judiciary committee as to whether there was authority in the law for the recent executive order relating to pensions for age disability. The committee on rules had reported an order directing the resolution to lie on the table. Mr. Cockeran's remarks were his first since his entry into the Fifty-eighth Congress. He said his resolution was offered solely to vindicate the dignity of the House, and charged the executive branch with usurping the powers of the legislature. He declared that the House had lost caste and urged the members to stand up for their rights. Messrs. Dillard and Grosvenor replied. The resolution was laid on the table by a reconstituted yeas and nays vote of 103 to 100.

The Culberson amendment to the postoffice appropriation bill, providing for a commission to investigate the Postoffice Department, was before the Senate all of Monday, and in a modified form was pending when the session was ended. Mr. Gorman made an earnest plea for an investigation. Mr. Aldrich in reply said the amendment as finally modified meant nothing, and declared that if any specific charges were brought in they would be looked into by Congress. Semi-political speeches were made by Messrs. Teller and Simmons. The conference report and the Indian appropriation bill were recommended to the committee on Indian affairs. The House passed the bill re-ported by the committee on rivers and harbors, appropriating \$3,000,000 for the restoration or maintenance of channels, or of other river and harbor improvements. Mr. Burton, chairman of the committee, urged the adoption of settled principles with regard to river and harbor work.

In the National Capital. Gen. Wade has reported that Private Thomas F. Haviland, Company 1, Fourteenth Infantry, was drowned in the Philippines March 20.

The House committee on ways and means took adverse action on the Tawney bill to prohibit inclusion of premium coupons in packages of tobacco.

The House committee on public lands authorized a favorable report on a bill permitting the use of lands in forest reserves available for agricultural purposes.

Continued.

We are told that, in many directions, it is the impossible which is true. Perhaps the extravagance of the following story, told by the New York Times, may help you for its accuracy:

"A book club had engaged in the study of 'Hamlet.' But two meetings had taken place when one member met another at an afternoon tea.

"Aren't you dying for the next meeting of the club?" she asked.

"I don't know. Why?"

"Why, because we're studying 'Hamlet.' Aren't you simply crazy to know how it comes out?"

The Doctors Failed.

Kilgore, O., April 11.—A rather remarkable case has just come to light in this place. Mr. John T. Riegler had been suffering for some time with an aggravated form of kidney disease which had caused him a great deal of discomfort.

He tried the treatment of several doctors, but did not get any better. At last he chanced to read an advertisement of Dodd's Kidney Pills, a remedy which has been making many wonderful cures, and he bought some at once and began to use them. He says of the result:

"Dodd's Kidney Pills do just what they are advertised to do. I can praise them for the good they have done for me. They cured me completely after the doctors had failed and I wish that every poor sufferer could hear of them, for I know they will cure kidney trouble."

There seems to be no case of kidney trouble, rheumatism or backache that Dodd's Kidney Pills will not cure perfectly and permanently.

A Boston Husband.

Mrs. Caudle—I think there's a man downstairs.

Mr. Caudle—I thought I heard some one. Suppose you go down and ask him what he wants. Even a burglar wouldn't strike a woman, you know.—Boston Transcript.

Teosinte and Billion Dollar Grass.

The two greatest fodder plants on earth, one good for 14 tons hay and the other 80 tons green fodder per acre. Grows everywhere, so does Victoria Rape, yielding 60,000 lbs. sheep and swine food per acre.

JUST SEND 10c IN STAMPS TO THE John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., and receive in return their big catalogue and lots of farm seed samples (C. N. U.)

CAUSE OF BAD SPELLING.

Repetition the Secret of Learning to Spell for Persons with Average Memories.

Probably it is a mistake to say that any person with an average memory cannot learn to spell. As there is a lack of analogy in the spelling of words, learning to spell is chiefly a matter of memory. Repetition is the only secret about it, says the Philadelphia Record. There are some aids, but it is the words to which there is no guide which are the common source of trouble. Persons who do not spell well have simply neglected the study of orthography and are not entitled to sympathy. Operators of typewriting machines who have considered themselves the victims of a defective orthographical memory have often become good spellers through practice.

In a vast proportion of cases bad spelling may be traced to wrong pronunciation, which is even more frequent than is wrong spelling. Probably the modern methods of instruction have something to do with the number of bad spellers among fairly educated people. The old spelling-book system insured repetition. In recent years the writing of the spelling lessons has in many schools taken the place of the oral system. The men and women who had gone through the district school of half a century or more ago were almost invariably good spellers. If spelling be a gift, it is apparent that it is not bestowed on man as liberally as formerly.

ARMY TRIALS.

An Infantryman's Long Siege.

This soldier's tale of food is interesting.

During his term of service in the 17th Infantry in Cuba and Philippines, an Ohio soldier boy contracted a disease of the stomach and bowels which all army doctors who treated him pronounced incurable, but which Grape-Nuts food alone cured.

"In October, 1899, when my enlistment expired, I was discharged from the army at Calabute, Philippines, and returned to the States on the first available steamer that left Manila. When I got home I was a total wreck physically and my doctor put me to bed, saying he considered me the worst broken-down man of my age he ever saw, and after treating me six months he considered my case beyond medical aid.

"During the fall and winter of 1900 and '01 I was admitted to the Barnes Hospital in Washington, D. C., for treatment for chronic inflammation of the stomach and bowels, but after five months returned home as bad as ever.

"I continued taking medicine until February, 1902, when reading a newspaper one day I read about Grape-Nuts and was so impressed I sent out for a package right away.

"The result is quickly told, for I have used Grape-Nuts continually ever since with the best results, my health is so I can do a fair day's hard work, stomach and bowels are in good condition, have gained 30 pounds in weight and I feel like a new man altogether.

"I owe my present good health to Grape-Nuts beyond all doubt, for medical science was exhausted." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Had he consulted any one of several thousand physicians we know of they would have prescribed Grape-Nuts immediately.

Look in each pkg. for the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."



# ILLINOIS STATE NEWS

## WORLD'S CHAMPION GUNNER.

Distinction Won by Young Man from DeKalb County.

Frank D. Arbuckle, who now has the distinction of being the champion gunner of the world, was born April 10, 1885, at Kingston. He worked on his father's farm and attended the district school until his sixteenth year, when he entered the United States navy as an apprentice, where he served two and one-half years.



FRANK D. ARBUCKLE.

At present he is on the cruiser Newark. He was in the recent engagement at Santo Domingo Feb. 3. In a recent target practice for championship he fired a six-inch gun twelve times in one minute and fifty-four seconds, hitting the target eleven times, thus breaking all previous records. The world's championship was heretofore held in England, the best record being the firing of a six-inch gun twelve times in two minutes, hitting the target nine times. The United States championship was held by a gunner from Wisconsin, but young Arbuckle, only 18 years of age, has brought to Illinois the world's championship.

## GUILTY GIRL ACQUITS SIRE.

Young Daughter of Anton Stockel, Recently Confesses She Killed Mother.

Anton Stockel, a farmer of Hennault, was acquitted of a murder charge, his 9-year-old daughter testifying that she had accidentally fired the shot that killed her mother. The little girl bravely and plainly told how, while her brother held the shotgun, she attempted to extract a cartridge from the barrel and it went off. Mrs. Stockel stood nearby, the little girl said, and the ball struck her. "Papa was not in the room when mamma was hurt," said the lassie. "He had gone out to feed the stock, and he left his gun leaning against a rain barrel. Brother went and got the gun, and for fear he would shoot it off I tried to take out the cartridge. Mamma came into the room as I was holding the gun with brother and the trigger snapped. Mamma cried out and fell down, and she was scared to death. Papa came running in when he heard the shot, and that's all he knew about it." Stockel, who was instantly acquitted, caught his little daughter up in his arms and rained kisses upon her face.

## SOCIETY WOMAN SEEKS DEATH.

Miss Harriet Eberhart, Rock Island, Disappointed in Love.

Disappointed in a love affair with a prominent young Moline physician, to whom she was recently engaged to be married, Miss Harriet Eberhart took a fatal dose of carbolic acid at the Harrison Hotel at La Salle. She was still conscious when found, and pleaded that no physician be called, as she was determined to die. She left a note to relatives, the contents of which are kept secret. Miss Eberhart was the daughter of Mrs. Emma Eberhart of Rock Island. She was 20 years of age, possessing in appearance, well educated and of one of the oldest and best known families in the vicinity. Two years ago she married Robert Stockwell, with whom she went to Montana. Within a week the young bride was deserted, and she has since been known by her maiden name. Her visit to La Salle was ostensibly to meet a friend, but developments prove that she went with the intention of ending her life among strangers.

## MINERS SIGN NEW SCALE.

Two-Year Agreement with Operators Prevents Possible Strike.

The Illinois miners and operators have signed the State agreement, effective for two years. When the joint convention met in Springfield Sunday there was not one dissenting vote against the agreement reached by the joint scale committee. The scale follows: First district, Streator, Carlinville, Clark City and associated mines, 61 cents; second district, Danville, Westville and associated mines, 62 cents; third district, Springfield, Dawson and associated mines, 62.7 cents; fourth district, Chicago and Alton district, including Carlinville, 62 cents; fifth district, Glen Carbon and Belleville, 62 cents; sixth district, Duquoin, Odell, Sandoval and Centralia, 48 cents; seventh district, Mount Vernon, 53 cents; Jackson County, 48 cents; eighth district, Fulton and Peoria County, 70 cents; ninth district, Mount Olive, Staunton, Gillespie and associated mines, 52 cents.

## PARTELLI REFUSED NEW TRIAL.

Rolling Against Contractor Involving Money He Claims for State Building.

Judge Shibley in the Sangamon Circuit Court in Springfield, overruled the motion of William Z. Partello for a new trial. The case was one in which Partello asked for a mandamus directing the auditor of public accounts to issue an order on the State Treasurer for \$23,000, claimed to be due him for work in the building of the State reformatory buildings at Pontiac. The Legislature passed a bill for his relief, the Governor signed the bill, and sent it to the Secretary of State, but afterwards withdrew it and vetoed it.

## With Our Borders.

Seny B. Moody was nominated by President Roosevelt for postmaster of La Grange.

The plant of the Long Poultry Company at Mattson was burned, causing a loss of \$20,000.

The southern Illinois penitentiary now registers 908 prisoners, the highest number ever in the prison.

Charles F. Foster of Chicago has been appointed chief operating engineer of the St. Louis world's fair power plant.

A. M. Gunn of Ramsey took two ounces of carbolic acid with supposed suicidal intent. He died almost immediately.

Gov. Yates has honored a requisition for Galen Hopkins, wanted at Fort Madison, Iowa, on a charge of stealing a gasoline launch.

The Illinois, Iowa and Minnesota Railroad Company has increased its capital stock from \$100,000 to \$5,000,000 and will build an outer belt line about Chicago.

Abram L. Brink died in Warren, aged 75. He was one of Frank O. Lovden's ardent supporters, and expired of apoplexy after a heated argument in his behalf.

Although surrounded by water so deep firemen were compelled to use rafts and skiffs to reach them, a row of fifteen frame buildings in East St. Louis were destroyed by fire.

By the breaking of the Fountain creek levee near Merriam, 650 acres of land, 550 of which was in wheat, was put under water, and a loss estimated at \$12,000 has been suffered by the farmers.

Miss Mae Accardi, an employee in the office of the Sears-Roebuck Company and living in North avenue, Chicago, has made complaint against Swan Carlson, a Rockford policeman, to the effect that after promising to marry her and she getting her trousseau in readiness, he jilted her.

George B. Anderson of Springfield has been appointed United States consul at Hangchow, China, by President Roosevelt. Mr. Anderson was endorsed for the Chinese consulship by Senator Cullom. He is connected with the Springfield News. The position to which Mr. Anderson was appointed has only recently been created. The salary is \$3,000 per year.

Frank Hogan, a prominent Democratic politician of Springfield, was fatally injured in a runaway accident. Hogan was sitting in his buggy near a polling place in the Seventh Ward when a runaway team crashed into his vehicle. Hogan's buggy was turned over and trampled under foot, the occupant being badly crushed and injured. Attending physicians say he cannot recover.

In a fit of jealous rage, Michael Buscola shot and killed his father-in-law, Giacomina Romanin, in their Chicago home, and then shot himself. The elder man had taken the part of John Zappe, the object of Buscola's jealousy. Zappe saved himself from a bullet by hasty flight. The murder and suicide took place in the sight of Buscola's wife, who caused the tragedy by permitting Zappe to call on her.

In a boyish quarrel Paul Jenick was shot and killed by Harry Schanze in Chicago. Slayer and victim are each 10 years old. Schanze, who was later locked up at a police station, said he had been expecting to meet Jenick from day to day, but that the latter had kept out of his way. The two attended the Pickard School, and their grievance is said to have grown from jealousy concerning a girl who is attending the same institution.

The strike of the public school teachers of Carterville, which had been on for some days, owing to the discharge of one of the teachers for punishing a pupil, has been amicably settled, as far as the teachers are concerned. On the reinstatement of the corps, Prof. W. J. Turner, superintendent of the school, tendered his resignation, to take effect immediately. The resignation is supposed to result from the settlement, and conditions are again in a serious way.

The committee to select a president of the University of Illinois, to succeed Dr. Andrew S. Draper, resigned, met the deans the other day. The meeting was secret, but it is understood some of the names canvassed were Dr. Finley, Dr. Swayne, Dr. James, Dr. Jesse, Dr. Northrop, Dean Gregory, Rev. F. W. Gausman and Dr. Evans. The committee consists of S. A. Bullard of Springfield, F. L. Hatch of Spring Grove and Dr. A. F. Nightingale of Chicago.

As a result of the great depletion in the ranks of the rural school teachers of central Illinois, heartless school directors are beginning to execute ironclad contracts with the 'woman' teachers, which read as follows: 'I hereby declare that I will not get married during the term for which I am engaged to teach this school. Failing to keep this provision, I hereby agree to forfeit the sum of \$50.' Recently at Dixon two school teachers resigned in one day and the board had no one to take their places.

Dr. J. R. Dewitt, a dentist of Mattson, a graduate of Harvard and the University of Pennsylvania, has been arrested on complaint of his divorced wife, who accuses him of threatening to kill her and burn her house. One night a barn of a neighbor was burned, and the next night the residence of Dr. Dewitt's former wife was discovered to be on fire, and the fact that that portion of the house where the fire started had been drenched with coal oil made it look as if the house had been purposely set on fire.

Gay Milmore, son of A. I. Milmore of Waukegan, narrowly escaped death when a shotgun he was carrying was accidentally discharged, badly injuring his left hand and lodging several shots in his forehead and the side of his face. With Claude Potter, a boy friend, he was hunting about a mile away from Waukegan on the Chicago and North Western Railroad tracks. He was carrying Potter's gun. The hammer caught one of the tiles and the weapon was discharged, the full force of the charge narrowly missing Milmore's head.

## RESULTS IN ILLINOIS TOWNS.

Democratic Victory in Springfield—Few Changes in Vote in State.

The elections in Illinois Tuesday resulted in few noteworthy gains for either Democrats or Republicans. The Democratic vote in Franklin County was increased and the Republicans vote gains in a few townships throughout the State. Springfield elected four Democratic Aldermen and three Republicans, while the Democrats had a decided victory in the election of supervisors. Other results:

Town	Result	Town	Result
Altamont	D.	Monmouth	R.
Aracoma	S.	Macomb	R.
Bement	R.	Peotone	R.
Carmel	S.	Pontiac	R.
Charlestown	D.	Ramsey	D.
Dixon	R.	Rock Island	R.
Elmwood	S.	Toledo	R.
Galesburg	S.	Yandallia	R.
Gibson City	R.	Waukegan	R.
Joliet	R.	Pana	D.
Kewanee	R.	Quincy	S.
Moline	S.	Peoria	R.

## POLICE FORCES LOCKED UP.

Guardman of the Peace of an Illinois Town Held for Attempted Murder.

Police Chief John Hawn and Night Policeman John McGregory were arrested in Oakland by the sheriff of Coles County and taken to Charleston on the charge of an attempt to murder. These officers severely clubbed William Hampton, whom they had arrested. They claim that he resisted arrest. Hampton is not expected to live. There is great excitement in the city over the matter and the absence of the two officers leaves Oakland without police protection. Besides the criminal charge both Hawn and McGregory, together with the city of Oakland, have been sued for \$10,000 damages. The whole affair results from the fight being made against the saloons by the Civic Federation, the people of the city being about equally divided on the question.

## BRIDGE AT PEORIA FALLS.

Structure Spanning the Illinois Undermined by Recent Floods.

At 11:30 o'clock Monday night two sections of the lower free bridge which spans the Illinois river in Peoria, collapsed and fell into the river, carrying dozens of telegraph and telephone wires with it. No one was injured, as the structure had been deemed unsafe and had been closed to traffic for more than a week. The recent floods had undermined two piers. The upper bridge has also been closed for some time on account of the high water and traffic has been shut off between Peoria and Tazewell County points. The bridge destroyed was about 400 feet in length and was built five years ago.

## KIDNAPING CASE DISMISSED.

Action Taken at the Request of Child's Mother.

A case against John Watts and his mother, Mrs. Agnes Watts, charged with kidnaping Mrs. Watts' daughter, from Mary Watts, mother of the child, was dismissed in Springfield by State's Attorney Shutt. Watts was arrested in Windsor, Ont., and extradited to Illinois. His mother is said to be in Canada with the child. The child's mother, who is divorced from Watts, was married in Lancaster, Pa., a year ago to Dr. Langley Whitely of Springfield, whose divorced wife was a sister of John Watts. The case was dismissed at the request of Watts' former wife, Mrs. Langley.

## CLOUDBURST AT GLEN CARBON.

Town Is Flooded—Mines in Danger—Trains Stalled.

The worst cloudburst in the history of that section swept over Glen Carbon and adjoining district the other night. The entire lower half of the town was flooded and the water came to within less than two feet of flooding the mines. Two miles of the Illinois Central tracks were washed out and the night accommodation train was stalled and the passengers were obliged to spend almost the entire night at the washout.

## ARRESTED BY HIS OWN WIFE.

East St. Louis Man Accused of Stealing Daughter's Commencement Ring.

Charged with stealing his daughter's commencement ring, Cyroilus La Busier was arrested by his own wife in East St. Louis. He was carrying a street car to the jail and locked up after she had preferred the charge. After La Busier had been placed in a cell his wife severely lectured him on his alleged misconduct and told him she would appear at the trial and prosecute him.

## KICKING GUN CAUSES DEATH.

Boy Knocked from Boat and Drowned Near Harrisburg.

Oscar Patterson, 10 years old, was drowned in Saline creek, near Harrisburg. The bridges had been washed away by the high waters and he was rowing some parties across the creek in a skiff. When near the middle of the stream he saw a squirrel in a tree and, taking his gun, fired at it. The gun kicked and he fell into the stream and was drowned.

## HILD FOR KILLING A MAN.

Rert Connolly of Bloomington Must Answer the Charge of Murder.

The coroner's jury after holding an inquest over the remains of Christian Schlapp of Bloomington, who died after suffering for a month from an injury to his skull, recommended that Rert Connolly of Chicago be held to the grand jury. Connolly was charged with pushing Schlapp off a sidewalk, the victim alighting upon his head.

## KIDNAPED BY SCISSOR GRINDER.

Boy of Ten Says He Was Strapped by Arms While Captor Slept.

John Ryan, a scissor grinder, was arrested in St. Louis and returned to Waterloo, charged with kidnaping Arthur Miller, aged 10. "The boy says Ryan hired him to carry a grip to the station, then compelled him to go along. Ryan while asleep strapped the boy's arms to prevent him escaping, according to the lad's story."

## NEW CENSUS FIGURES.

POPULATION OF UNITED STATES ESTIMATED AT 79,900,389.

Increase in Three Years Has Been 3,005,814—New York Still the Greatest City and Chicago Second with 1,873,880 Inhabitants.

The census bureau has issued a bulletin which gives the estimated population of the United States for 1903, exclusive of Alaska and the insular possessions of the United States, at 79,900,389. This is an increase of 3,005,814 since the census of 1900. The population is estimated for 438 cities having 10,000 or more inhabitants in 1900.

How Chief Cities Rank. The estimated population in 1903 of the fifteen leading cities and the census figures of 1900 are as follows:

City	Population 1900	Population 1903
New York	3,716,139	4,847,292
Chicago	1,773,880	2,288,597
Philadelphia	1,357,713	1,528,597
St. Louis	612,270	775,238
Boston	604,018	691,892
Baltimore	601,813	608,057
Cleveland	414,050	481,708
Pittsburgh	381,403	452,381
San Francisco	355,019	442,735
Portland	345,043	321,016
Cincinnati	322,031	325,002
Albany	312,733	286,315
Detroit	300,033	285,704
New Orleans	300,025	287,104
Washington, D. C.	293,217	278,718

Pittsburg passed Cincinnati; Milwaukee passed Detroit, and Detroit passed New Orleans.

## New York State Is Biggest.

In the number of towns and cities having over 10,000 inhabitants, Massachusetts is in the lead with 47, containing a total of 2,107,706 inhabitants, but this total of urban population, of course, is not as large as that of New York, Pennsylvania, and Illinois.

Considered by States, New York leads in population, with more than 7,500,000; Pennsylvania exceeds 6,000,000, and Illinois has more than 5,000,000. Texas has over 3,000,000, having passed Missouri. Only 22 States now have less than 1,000,000 inhabitants, and 14 exceed 2,000,000.

The estimates are made in a bulletin giving estimates of population in 1901, 1902 and 1903, for all cities of 10,000 inhabitants or more in the United States. It shows that the number of incorporated places having a population of 10,000 inhabitants or more in 1900, including cities, boroughs and villages, and New England towns not having municipal corporations within their limits is 438, with a total population of 24,047,307, while the estimated population for 1903 is 25,800,387, an increase of 1,753,020, or over 7 per cent during the three years.

The same cities between 1890 and 1900 increased in population over 32 per cent. Part of the increase during the three years is due to the inclusion of suburbs.

## How Population Is Divided.

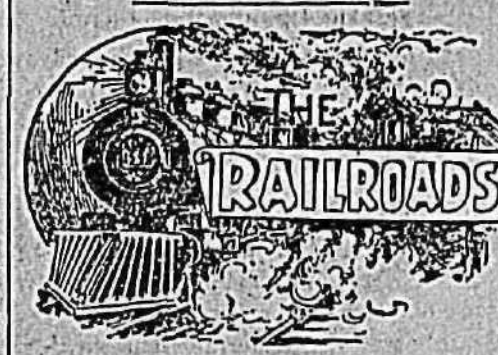
The estimated population in 1903 in cities of 10,000 or more is distributed as follows:

States	No. cities	Population
North Atlantic	140	8,272,107
North Central	149	8,272,107
South Atlantic	88	1,841,215
South Central	87	1,459,855
Western	28	1,841,215

An official statement accompanying the bulletin says:

"The bureau of the census has decided to make annual estimates of population based upon what is known as the arithmetical method. This rests upon the assumption that the annual increase for each year since the last census will be one-tenth of the decennial increase between the last two censuses. The country as a whole and most of the States and cities are growing with a steadily decreasing per cent of increase. As this condition has obtained in the United States for the last twenty years, it is likely to hold good in the immediate future. Under such conditions the arithmetical method has been proved more accurate than any alternative method."

Referring to the inclusion of suburbs in cities, the bulletin says that of the 438 cities with 10,000 or more population, 102 annexed territory between June 1, 1890, and June 1, 1903. There are no cities credited with 25,000 population in Mississippi, Oklahoma, South Dakota, Wyoming, Vermont and North Carolina.



Vice President Brown of the New York Central and Lake Shore has denied that changes among high officials are pending or that there is any lack of harmony between W. K. Vanderbilt and executive officers.

It has been estimated that where \$1 has been invested in railroads in the United States, the value of agricultural products has been increased \$10. The steel rail and the steam engine have been pioneers in development.

The annual report of the minister of railroads for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1903, shows that the gross earnings of the (steam) railroads in Canada for the year were \$90,004,527, as compared with \$88,000,593 for the previous year, an increase of \$12,003,934.

The California Supreme Court, by a majority opinion, has decided that a railroad ticket is not a contract. It also decided that transportation companies may make rules and regulations beyond what appears on the face of a ticket and that passengers must comply with them all. The court held that a ticket is more of a receipt than a contract.

A line of steamers between New Orleans and Colon, Panama, is to be inaugurated by the United States Fruit Company and is expected to carry large shipments of commodities from the middle West to Central America, which now goes by way of New York.

The Southern Pacific has arranged what is termed a "free traveling library." It is planned to distribute the dry load of paper and other periodicals that reaches the literary department daily among employees and residents along the line in the sparsely settled West.

## WOULD END POLYGAMY.

Mormon Conference Passes Resolutions Prohibiting Plural Marriages.

The church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints, in general conference at Salt Lake City, has formally renewed its adherence to the Woodruff manifesto against polygamy, declared that all plural marriages are prohibited, and announced that any member of the church authorizing, contracting or solemnizing such marriages would be liable to excommunication.

The pronouncement, introduced by President Joseph F. Smith as a sequence of the Smoot investigation and adopted unanimously by a resolution introduced by Apostle Francis M. Lyman, president of the quorum of twelve apostles, is as follows:

"Inasmuch as there are numerous reports in circulation that plural marriages have been entered into contrary to the declaration of President Woodruff of Sept. 20, 1890, commonly called the manifesto, which was issued by President Woodruff and adopted by the church at its general conference on Oct. 6, 1890, which forbade any marriages violative of the law of the land, I, Joseph F. Smith, president of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints, hereby affirm and declare that no such marriages have been solemnized with the sanction, consent or knowledge of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints."

"I hereby announce that all such marriages are prohibited and if any officer or member of the church shall assume to solemnize or enter into any such marriage he will be deemed in transgression against the church and will be liable to be dealt with according to the rules and regulations thereof and excommunicated therefrom."

"JOSEPH F. SMITH, President of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints."

## ASKS INSURANCE BY CHURCHES.

Michigan Minister Points a Way to Keep Up Membership.

The Rev. W. H. B. Ueh, at the annual meeting of the Michigan council of the Brotherhood of St. Paul, which has just closed its session in Detroit, carried his audience by advocating a system of benefit insurance for the churches. He said: "It will be a great day for methodism and for her church societies when a system of benefit insurance is allied to her work of salvation."

"At present competition is too great. Members are lost to the church every day simply because they join fraternal and secret societies for the insurance features and, becoming attached to the lodge work with its services and rituals, gradually fall away from their allegiance to the church. Everywhere the organizers of our societies go they have cast into their teeth that there is no benefit feature to the church organizations and they find it superfluous work to show the average man wherein lies the benefit of spiritual gain unless there is an element of material gain to help along."



Lending Democrats of Pittsburg have started a movement to make D. T. Watson a presidential candidate.

Gov. Van Sant is reported to have told intimate friends in St. Paul that he is after the nomination for Vice President.

Mayor J. N. Holtzman of Indianapolis is being booed by the German-Americans of Indiana for the Democratic nomination for Vice President.

The New York World's canvass of the Democratic situation shows 816 votes in the St. Louis convention for Parker, 100 for Hearst and 78 doubtful.

Former United States Senator Harris of Kansas is said to have been invited by Judge Parker of New York to take the second place on the Democratic ticket.

Mayor Wells of St. Louis announced that he would be personally responsible for any deficiency in the \$40,000 pledged to secure the Democratic convention. The fund now totals \$20,000.

Chicago's aldermanic election for 1904 brought out one of the largest votes ever polled in the city in an "off-year" election and dealt out surprises in many wards. A total of 230,771 votes were polled for Aldermen.

Judge William F. Henney, the Republican nominee for Mayor at Hartford, Conn., and his whole ticket were elected over the Democratic ticket headed by Ignatius A. Sullivan, who held the office of Mayor for the last two years.

Socialists generally met with defeat in the city elections in Montana. Helena elected a Democratic Mayor, Anaconda four Democrats and two Republicans Aldermen, and Butte five anti-trust, two Democratic and one Socialist Aldermen.

The Democrats won in the city election at Springfield, Ill., electing four of the seven Aldermen and capturing the entire township ticket. As a result the party will retain control of the City Council and also the County Board of Supervisors.

The claim that Hearst has the backing of Tammany, made to influence delegates to the Kansas Democratic convention, is denied in a letter received by a prominent gold Democrat of Topeka from New York, who says that Tammany will stand for Parker.

David S. Rose, Democrat, was chosen Mayor of Milwaukee, the vote standing 10,820; Guy D. Goff, Republican, 17,840; Victor B. Berger, Social Democrat, 10,000. Outside of Mayor Rose's victory in the face of great opposition, the success of the Social Democrats in electing nine Aldermen, one-fifth of the Council, was a feature. The nine Aldermen elected by the Social Democrats will give them the balance of power in the Council. The voting machines were used for the first time in all but two of the wards and proved an unqualified success.

## CURRENT COMMENT

The Potential President.

The Vice President is potentially a President. The Republican national convention, which will be held in Chicago beginning on June 21, and the Democratic convention, which is to meet in St. Louis on July 6, will nominate candidates for President and Vice President, and will adopt a platform or statement of principles on which the candidates will appeal for support. The selection of presidential candidates is the most important work of the conventions; but it is not made until after the adoption of the platform, which is commonly regarded as next in importance. Then the delegates nominate a candidate for the first place on the ticket as quickly as possible and go home. The delegates know that if the President should die the Vice President will succeed him; but so prevalent is the expectation of life that the thought of the possible death of the President has practically no influence in the selection of his associate on the ticket. Twice, at least, the party which carried the election has had cause to regret its choice of a Vice President. This does not reveal the full extent of the evil that lurks in the present system. Many candidates for the office, some of whom were elected and others defeated, would probably have been found unworthy to fill the highest place, if it had fallen to their lot to occupy it. The conventions of both parties owe it as a duty to the country to select no candidate for the second place who is not worthy to be chosen to the first. It is especially their duty so to do if the person nominated for the presidency is a man well along in years. Life at best is uncertain, and the office of President is exacting in its demands upon the time, his energy and the nerve of the strongest man—Youth's Companion.

## Cuba Is Doing Well.

The recent elections for members of the Cuban House of Representatives were accompanied with much rioting. Charges of fraud are made by most of the defeated candidates. Perhaps some earnest Cuban politicians did some cheating at the polls. Americans should not be shocked by the election frauds and say they prove Cubans cannot govern themselves. There has been at one time and another considerable election day cheating in this country. Cuban politics may be degenerating, but industrially the island is improving. The exports last year were valued at \$78,480,000, against \$64,048,000 the year before. The sugar exports of 1903 exceeded those of 1902 by \$10,000,000. The number of cattle, horses and mules has increased 20 per cent in a year. President Palma says that not a single case of yellow fever or smallpox originated in Cuba in 1903, and that the number of deaths in Havana was the lowest since 1820. The Cuban government is observing loyally the requirement of the Platt amendment as to the enforcement of sanitary measures. This is something many did not expect. President Palma urges the diversification of industry. He is wise. The island should not depend on the one product—sugar—to such an extent as it does now.—Chicago Tribune.

## Now for the Canal.

The French court has decided that Colombia has lost all sovereignty over the property of the Panama Canal Company and consequently has forfeited all right to oppose the transfer of the company's concession. This ends the case, so far as the French court is concerned, as far as the French court is possible, Colombia, as a last desperate attempt to block the way of the United States toward getting possession of the canal company's property, appealed to the French court to stop the transfer. The court's answer has now been given, and it is against the contention of the Bogota authorities. Thus the last legal obstacle in the way of the handing over of the canal company's property to the United States has been removed. The United States, through its representatives, who have just arrived in Paris, will promptly get possession of the canal, and the actual work of construction can soon begin.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

## Injurious to Labor's Cause.

Three Chicago men are under arrest in St. Louis, and it is said, have confessed that they were there for the avowed purpose of assisting striking livermen by throwing muriatic acid on horses driven by non-union men, and by destroying the cushions in the cabs. They claimed that they were to receive \$5.00 per day while they were engaged in winning the strike. Reputable union men will denounce such outrages and take steps to prevent their repetition. The percentage of organized labor that sanctions methods of this kind is fortunately small, but it must be growing apparent to the honest union man that the time has come when this lawless element must be weeded out. In the minds of many people, the entire organization favors any plan of coercion that will bring results. That idea is erroneous, but organized labor can justify itself in the eyes of the prejudiced no easier than by assisting to run down the men primarily responsible, and forcing them out of its ranks.—Toledo Blade.

## Railroad Wrecks of One Day.

In a head-on collision on the Burlington road near Ravenna, Neb., between a passenger and a freight, Engineer Hamilton and Fireman Reeder were hurt.

Two freight trains collided head-on during a dense fog near Lake Side station, Ohio, on the Lake Side and Marblehead road. Fireman Frederick Doell and brakeman William Foley were killed, and brakeman John Brady, Engineer James Cullen and brakeman Geo. Ward were perhaps fatally injured.

Three Indians were killed and twenty-three badly injured in a collision near Maywood, Ill.

A Baltimore and Ohio locomotive is reported to have exploded near Marriottsville, Md., seriously injuring a conductor, engineer, fireman and two brakemen.

Conductor Ford was killed and Engineer Benning



## THE NEWS

A REPUBLICAN NEWSPAPER.

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By Mail, One Dollar Per Year, in Advance.  
THE NEWS Guarantees a Larger Non-Trade  
Circulation in Western Lake County, than  
Any Paper Published in the State.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS.

Again the President illustrates his fairness and impartiality. Captain Cowles, his brother-in-law, is attacked with great virulence because the battleship, Missouri, which he was commanding, collided with the Illinois. It was a deplorable accident but a court of inquiry acquitted him of blame, and if he were not the President's relative the acquittal would be universally accepted as just, as it is there is a great tumult.

Many petitions are being received in Congress for the establishment of a parcels post. The coming of such a valuable adjunct of the mail service is only a question of a short time. Why should the American people be tyrannized over by four monopolistic express companies? We ought to be able to send ten or twenty pounds by mail as the Germans and English are.

Senator Gorman having secured the disfranchisement of negroes in violation of the Constitution by the Democratic machine of Maryland, seems to have been virtually withdrawn from the presidential race. It is probably felt that a man who made such a raid upon justice and law could not poll even the vote of his own party.

Hobson and Bankhead are having great fun with each other down in Alabama. The latter derides the former's proposal for a \$2,600,000,000 navy, and points out that such an appropriation would cost Alabama alone nearly \$70,000,000. But Hobson kisses the women and babies and moves triumphantly on.

The postal frauds should help rather than harm the republican party. Our postal department is the greatest organization in the world having grown from 75 post-offices in Franklin's time to 76,000 and from 300 employees to 250,000. There has been an amazingly small percentage of fraud.

Our democratic friends are making a great to-do about the row in the Republican convention of West Virginia. They do not seem to comprehend the fact that such little dissensions are simply a sign of active interest in public affairs. See Cuba for instance.

Friends of Senator Burton in Kansas do not believe that he took the case which resulted in his conviction with any idea that he was violating the law, and they are not going to desert him in this dark hour of his career.

Cuba is closely imitative of American manners. There was a "scene of wild disorder" in the House of Representatives at Havana on the third—so wild that the speaker could not reach his chair. What is the Platt amendment, for?

A fifteen-year-old Jewish lad got into a hog-car in Chicago and rode a thousand miles at the constant peril of being eaten. On arriving in Boston he was in a semi-conscious condition and more of a Jew than ever.

The heroic survivors of the Variag and Korietz, the vessels destroyed in Chemulpo harbor, are having a tremendous reception in Russia, which goes far to offset any reverses the Russians have met with.

London takes the Easter holidays very seriously. On "Good Friday" the streets were deserted, every business place was closed, railroads ran only half their trains and evening newspapers suspended publication.

There is a very unsavory scandal in the public schools of Washington, involving some high officials. They are all shouting in concert that it must be hushed up.

Dowie has been hunting for a printer who does not chew, smoke, drink, or swear. He does not say what he wants of such a print.

The Togo bottling works at Port Arthur have at last discovered that the cork is too small.

A dry goods merchant inquires if there is any way to keep moths out of his stock. Why doesn't he try advertising?

Ten officials in Milwaukee have been indicted for stealing \$90,000 which was appropriated for building hospitals. Next!

Out of Politics Permanently.  
John F. Shafroth, the Colorado man who resigned his seat in congress, has quit politics for good. His name has been mentioned for governor and congressman at large, but he says he will now practice law, working for his family and not for any political party.

Made Money on Police Force.  
George L. Landis, the richest policeman on the Philadelphia force, died suddenly on a trolley car the other day, while on his way home. He is said to have been worth \$30,000.

Gen. Wheeler and Peaches.  
A Michigan officer in the Spanish war had a negro attendant whose ideas of military discipline were strict. Owing especially to the thieving proclivities of some of the Cuban hangers-on, he was under strict command not to let anything go from the officers' quarters without a personal order from him.

One evening, as the officer and Gen. Wheeler met some distance from the camp the general said, with a smack of his lips:  
"I hear, sir, that you received some very fine branded peaches from home."

"Yes, General, they're prime, and I'm going to send you some. Meaning you had better stop at my tent on the way in and have my man give you a can."

"When the officer reached his quarters he was approached by his attendant with an elaborate salute, who said:

"Did you tell dat Gen'l Wheelah, sah, dat he could get 'em dem branded peaches, sah?"

"Yes; of course, you gave them to him?"

"No, sah; I knows my guttes, sah. I done told Gen'l Wheelah dat all men look alike to me, sah, an' if he didn't hab no ordah he couldn't hab no peaches, sah, 'less he oba-come me by powah of supelah numbers, sah."

"Why, you black rascal, what did he say?"

"He jes' grin and bo' it, rah."

Didn't Know the Game.

Chauncey Olcott tells a funny story which happened some years ago when he was living at home with his parents. He became imbued with the idea that he was quite a sport, so early one morning, as he softly turned the latchkey and stole into the paternal hall, he was surprised to find his father, awaiting him. "What is this I hear?" asked the father sternly. "I am told you are playing poker."

"Why, father, I haven't the least idea of how to play the game."

"I know that," replied the reverend gentleman, grimly. "At least, so I am told by one of the fellows who was playing with you."

## SOFT CORE

Like the running brook, the red blood that flows through the veins has to come from somewhere.

The springs of red blood are found in the soft core of the bones called the marrow and some say red blood also comes from the spleen. Healthy bone marrow and healthy spleen are full of fat.

Scott's Emulsion makes new blood by feeding the bone marrow and the spleen with the richest of all fats, the pure cod liver oil.

For pale school girls and invalids and for all whose blood is thin and pale, Scott's Emulsion is a pleasant and rich blood food. It not only feeds the blood-making organs but gives them strength to do their proper work.

Send for free sample.  
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists,  
409-415 Pearl Street, New York.  
5c, and 10c; all druggists.

Polar Bear's Sad Fate.  
The Baltimore American says that the body of a polar bear floating in mid-ocean, sighted by the steamship Templemore, now in port, is probably the sequel to the tragic story told recently by Capt. Jacobs of the North German Lloyd steamship Hanover, who reported having seen at sea a huge iceberg on which six large polar bears were walking about. When the dead bear was first seen it was thought to have been a large piece of ice, but on closer inspection the nature of the object became apparent. That the dead bear was one of the six which Capt. Jacobs saw there is little doubt. It is probable that the bear on which the animals were slowly drifting to their doom eventually melted by coming in contact with a warm current of water, and the passengers on the floating berg were compelled to swim for it or, perhaps, the bear found by the Templeton, suffering from hunger, left his companions on the remnants of the berg, in an endeavor to find a more hospitable haven of refuge.

Monkeys on Exhibition.  
The superior general of the Paulists, the late Father George Deshon, was a soldier before he studied theology. At West Point he and Gen. Grant were roommates, and in after years these two men, the soldier and the priest, were always good friends.

Gen. Grant used to like to narrate an anecdote of his son, the present F. D. Grant, and Father Deshon.

"When Fred was a lad of 6 or 7," he would begin, "Father Deshon often visited us. One day he and Fred got to talking about natural history, for Fred, it seems, had been to the zoo. 'And then there's monkeys,' said Fred. 'They are like us, only little, and covered with hair. Do you know where you can see lots and lots of monkeys?'"

"No, indeed. Where?" said Father Deshon.

"In the theological gardens," said Fred.

## YOUR

To make the month of March one of the best months in the year, in my line, I will sell everything in stock at wholesale prices to make room for my new stock for the summer trade. It will only last during the month of March. Take this opportunity while you need things in my line. I have the largest, up-to-date line of goods ever shown in this town, and everything is warranted. I have anything and everything you wish in

## EYES

## Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Optical Goods

Come and get a PIANO or ORGAN cheap. I have them now and will sell at the very lowest prices. Bring your

## Watches, Clocks and Jewelry Repairing

to me if you want good work done.  
Yours For Trade,

## WM. KEULMAN

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## SPECIMEN BALLOT

VILLAGE OF ANTIOCH

Election Tuesday, April 19, 1904.

## Peoples' Party INDEPENDENT TICKET

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| For Trustees   | By Petition  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> J. B. BURNETT                 | For Trustees   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> JOHN SIBLEY                   | <input type="checkbox"/> DEWIT STANTON                         |
| <input type="checkbox"/> P. P. AMES                    | <input type="checkbox"/> JOHN WELCH                            |
| <input type="checkbox"/> JOS. WESTLAKE<br>(Short Term) | <input type="checkbox"/> J. C. JAMES, JR.<br>(To Fill Vacancy) |
| Village Clerk  |  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> L. M. HUGHES                  |  |
| Village Treasurer                                      |  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> E. B. WILLIAMS                |  |

*L. M. Hughes*

Village Clerk.

## Sciatic Rheumatism Cured.

"I have been subject to sciatic rheumatism for years," says E. H. Waldron, of Wilton Junction, Iowa. "My joints were stiff and gave me much pain and discomfort. My joints would crack when I straightened up. I used Chamberlain's Pain Balm and have been thoroughly cured. Have not had a pain or ache from the old trouble in many months. It is certainly a most wonderful liniment." For sale by all druggists.

## Thought Ordinance Too Severe.

Mayor Fred E. Lewis of Allentown, Pa., has vetoed a curfew ordinance passed by the city fathers providing that after 9 o'clock children under 16 years old must keep off the streets. His honor objects to a penalty clause providing for fine or imprisonment in the county jail, holding that to send a boy or girl to prison for such an offense is unreasonable.

Bee's Honey and Tar is a delightful remedy for coughs, colds, lagrippe, croup, whooping cough, pneumonia and consumption. Made from the best clover honey and tarry distillations. It is mildly laxative, tonic and strengthening. Children like it and it cures. Best cough cure. Sold at Swan's drug store.

## FARM & SALE.

ONE OF THE BEST FARMS IN Lake County, consisting of 120 acres well improved, with a good 10 room House, good Barn, Granary, Wagon House, good Well and geared Windmill, plenty of Timber, and some lake frontage. \* \* \* \* \*

CALL ON OR ADDRESS  
JAMES KERR,  
LAKE VILLA, ILLINOIS.

Privilege of Chinese Officers.  
Chinese commanding officers of regiments have a privilege which they rather prize. Whereas all inferior ranks may be beaten with bamboo sticks, the commanding officer who offends may only be chastised by the hand or fist of his general. If he prefers to be beheaded he is allowed to suffer this punishment.

Scientists announce that Bright's disease, diabetes, cystitis and every form of kidney and urinary trouble as well as rheumatism, lumbago and similar affections do not and cannot exist in the great pine forests. The very air is laden with the healing and invigorating breath from the pines. Pineoles brings health to your home and are a never failing cure for all the above troubles. Sold at Swan's drug store.

Strong in Vitality at 82.  
Benjamin F. Manierre, at one time a leading Republican in New York City, and more recently a prominent Prohibitionist, is 82 years old, but is recovering from a surgical operation which might have killed many a man young enough to be his grandson. It was discovered recently that he was suffering from hernia and an operation was found to be necessary. The venerable patient refused to take an anesthetic and while the surgeons were at work laughed and told stories.

## KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNGS

WITH Dr. King's New Discovery  
FOR CONSUMPTION COUGHS and COLDS. Price 50c & \$1.00 Free Trial.  
Surest and Quickest Cure for all THROAT and LUNG TROUBLES, or MONEY BACK.

## Millions of Dollars Lost

By Farmers every year by Smut on oats and other small grain. This can be prevented by the use of

## FORMALDEHYDE

For Sale by

Jas. H. Swan

ANTIOCH, ILL.

Call at store for descriptive circular

C. G. Nelson  
Headquarters for

## STOVES

..AND..

## RANGES

All kinds of Shelf Hardware.

LAKE VILLA :: ILLINOIS



## LEGAL NOTICES.

### Adjudication Notice.

Public notice is hereby given that the subscriber, administrator of the estate of Stephen F. Grice, deceased, will attend the County Court of Lake County, at a term thereof to be holden at the Court House in Waukegan, in said county, on the first Monday of June next, 1904, when and where all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to present the same to said court for adjudication.

L. B. GRICE,  
Administrator.

Waukegan, March 23, 1904.

## ...ELECTROPINOS... 29095,



Is a beautiful bay horse with black points, stands 16 hands and 1 inch high and weighs 1,240 pounds; foaled 1893. He got first premium on his colts and also sweepstakes on horses at the McHenry County Fair and has won 11 blue ribbons. He is compactly built, close coupled, strong at all points, perfect in form, of very fine finish and is without a particle of coarseness. Measured by breeding and individuality this young horse is a hard one to excel. He is a show horse fit to appear in any company. His style is superior, and in addition to these qualities has great natural speed, and we predict that the race horse qualities of the Electropinos, intensified by such fashionable breeding as that of the Wilkes, and back of that by the Dictator and Abdallah 15 bloods, can scarcely fail of the best results.

Electropinos has wonderful natural speed, and we predict if properly mated will sire extreme speed. He will be traveled from April 15 to July 15, after that he will be tracked.

TERMS: I have placed the services of Electropinos at \$12.00 if paid before Nov. 15, or \$15.00 to insure a live colt. If mare is disposed insurance becomes due, which is within reach of every man who owns a brood mare.

For further particulars call on or address,

L. J. Slocum,  
HICKORY, ILLINOIS.

The Lancers.  
Dr. J. M. Dacosta, a noted Philadelphia physician, was, even in his college days, a hard worker and a serious minded youth.

While he was reading medicine at the Jefferson college, young DaCosta upon one occasion attended a ball. He did not enjoy this ball very much. He would rather have been at home at work. He wandered here and there among the gay crowds, looking lonely and bored.

Perceiving his plight, his hostess took him in hand. She complimented him on his success as a student, but she urged him, at the same time, to mingle now and then in the gaieties that are natural to youth.

Then, pointing to the sets that were forming in the ballroom:

"Won't you come and dance the lancers?"

"Yes, I suppose so, thanks," said the young man. "Really, though," he added ruefully, "I think I am more fitted to lance the dancers."

## JOHN J. McDOUGALL, Veterinay Surgeon

Antioch, Illinois.  
Colts Castrated at the old time price of \$1.00 each.

## SPECTACLES SCIENTIFICALLY FITTED



C. F. INGALLS  
Jewellers and Opticians,  
12 Genesee St., Waukegan, Ill.

J. C. JAMES, JR.,  
UNDERTAKER.  
Licensed Embalmer  
Licensed by the State Board of Health

T. N. DONNELLY & CO.  
Loan and Diamond Brokers  
118 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.  
Between Washington and Madison.

DIAMONDS, WATCHES, ALL KINDS JEWELRY at less than cost. At half the price you pay the regular stores. Dec 19 01 71

## Dr. F. H. Swartz, DENTIST

Office on Lake street  
ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS

The Brooke Barlow Investment Co  
has Money To Loan

on good improved farms at 5 per cent interest Inquire 129 BANK OF ANTIOCH.

R. W. Churchill,  
Attorney-at-Law  
Grayslake, Ill.

Will be in Antioch every Tuesday.

## I DON'T KEEP FURNITURE

I sell it. Why? Because I give you better goods for less money. And I still have a few bargains in shoes left from the Hegeman stock at 25 cents on the dollar.

L. B. GRICE, ANTIOCH, ILL.

FREE! Knowing what it was to suffer any affliction, I will give FREE OF CHARGE, to any afflicted, a positive cure for Eczema, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Piles and Skin Diseases. Instant relief. Don't suffer longer. Write F. W. WILLIAMS, 9 West 103d St., New York



## ADJOINING TOWNS

### LAKE VILLA, ILL.

Chas. Harbaugh is building a fine barn. Mr. Albert Fox is a guest of Rev. J. W. Lee.

Harold T. McMahon has returned home after being in the city a few days.

Select Flinch parties seem to have been in progress at the parsonage the past week.

Mr. Kuhof and family have been visiting friends in Wisconsin the past week.

Miss Gertrude Milb returned to her school Monday, after a month's vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Walde, of Grayslake, and Miss Martha Richards were in Lake Villa Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. Clifford Nelson just returned home from Burlington, Wis., after being there a week.

Miss Helen Richards, of Allendale, returned Saturday after being in Chicago all week.

After a protracted absence, Mr. C. G. Nelson's tinner has again resumed his work.

The Current Events Club will meet with Miss Mildred Hannington, of Allendale, this week.

Mr. Bliss, of Iowa, has taken the place of William Fisher in Charles Harbaugh's lumber yard.

Miss Amy Hannington, of Evanston, visited her sister, Miss Mildred Hannington, at Allendale.

Mr. Wm. Brady, of Allendale, has been confined to his bed the last few days with an attack of quency.

The Angola Cemetery Society will meet with Mrs. George Farrow, Tuesday, April the 19th. Mrs. Cora Hamlin, Secretary.

A match game of basket-ball was played at Allendale last Saturday between the Hull House team and the Allendale team. In the afternoon Allendale won and in the evening the score was 6 to 10, Hull House team being the victors.

### GRAYSLAKE, ILL.

Dr. Crane spent Sunday with his parents in Chicago.

Chas. Robinson is attending college at Appleton Wis.

Mr. and Mrs. Leach entertained relatives from Burlington over Sunday.

H. J. Higley, of Englewood visited his parents here over Sunday.

By special request the Old Folk's concert will be repeated in the near future.

Mr. and Mrs. Donaldson, of Chicago, spent Saturday with Mr. and Mrs. Donaldson, Sr.

Pat Sullivan, while out hunting west of here on Sunday, saw several large white Swan.

Sidney Carfield sold his fine lot to Dr. Richey. This is joining the Doctor's residence on the west.

Mrs. Turner of Antioch, spent Tuesday and Wednesday with her parents Mr. and Mrs. J. Hook, Sr.

C. R. Sherman who spent the winter in Tennessee visited relatives here the fore part of the week.

Mr. Frieze, editor of the Enterprise, moved his family to one of the Barge cottages this week.

Miss Edith Hendee is quite ill in Chicago with diphtheria. Her sister Mrs. Effie Briggs is with her.

Mr. E. Seebelt went to Wichita, Kansas, the last of the week, his family will follow him in a short time.

Bert Johnston and daughter Bula returned home on Tuesday after visiting his parents at Springfield, Wis.

Mrs. Harry Atwell returned to her home in Chicago on Sunday after spending a week with Mr. and Mrs. Atwell, Sr., here.

Mr. and Mrs. T. White went to Waukegan on Wednesday. Mr. White returned home on Thursday and Mrs. White remained a week.

Dr. Palmer went to Milton, Wis., on Sunday. He was accompanied home by his wife and children, who spent the past two weeks with her mother.

Marshal Fritsch took out of Grayslake 2,300 dead fish. Among them were many large ones. The cause is attributed to the ice freezing so deep and there being no air.

On Monday the nine-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Elfinger found some dynamite caps in a shed where his father had, as he thought, carefully hid them, thinking his children would not find them before he got ready to use them for blasting, but in spite of all the had found them and holding them in his hands, lit a match to them when they exploded, injuring his fingers so badly it is feared amputation will be necessary.

Roy Murrie, who had his horse and buggy stolen on last week Tuesday evening about 9:30, while it was standing in front Mr. Rehbein's hardware store, found it in Chicago. On this week Tuesday, Squire Sheldon being the one that found it in a stable where the thief had sold it for \$75. The outfit was valued at \$150. The top of the buggy was taken off and found about nine miles from where the rig was. The name of the thief is known and it is thought he will soon be captured.

### BRISTOL, WIS.

Chas. Gunter was a Chicago visitor one day last week.

Miss Jessie Shumway, of Chicago, spent Sunday with relatives here.

Miss Flora Hensel is spending a few days with friends in Kenosha.

Miss Addie Barter, of Pleasant Prairie, Wis., visited with friends here last week.

Mrs. Arthur Bevins, of Salem, visited at the home of E. Pike on Thursday and Friday.

It is reported that a gentleman interested in Texas development, will be in the village in the near future.

Miss E. B. Holly, who was visiting with J. A. Rowbottom and family, returned to her home in Peru, Ill., on Thursday.

Miss Herman, who has been spending some time with friends here, returned to her home in Kenosha on Thursday morning.

Miss Jessie Trafford, who underwent an operation at west side hospital, returned home on Thursday evening and is getting along nicely.

The young people of the village spent Friday evening very pleasantly at the home of C. M. Bishop. The evening was spent in playing "Pit" and "Flinch", after which a dainty luncheon was served. All present had a very enjoyable time.

The "Big Four" club give a dance this (Friday) evening at the hall. Invitations to the number of one hundred are out, and, with Stemm's orchestra to furnish the music, a fine time is anticipated.

Miss Eliza Cotting and Mrs. Ellis of the local W. C. T. U., attended the Inter-County W. C. T. U. Convention at Kenosha. Mrs. Ellis responded to the address of welcome and Miss Cotting read a paper on matters of interest in the local organization at Bristol.

Election day was a "red-letter" day here, so far as votes were concerned. By far the largest vote in years was polled, and, with the exception of the candidate for town chairman, the regular ticket was elected. The new Board will certainly have a taste of town business for they will have the grades matter to settle, a probable injunction on the ditch question, to attend to, a suit on paying the road commissioners more than \$1.50 per day. The members of the Board are all representative men who will conduct the affairs of the town in a business like way and should have the co-operation of every voter in the town.

### After Election.

Reformers now are telling why  
The victory wasn't won.  
Why, on elections' evening  
They found themselves outdone.

Hypotheses, again are given,  
Are juggled up and down.  
Until, in fancy, we can see  
Pollution swept from town.

The same old arguments are used  
As in the days of yore,  
When Corruption, in Rome's vitals,  
Caused such a festering sore.

Men talk and preach the whole year long  
In language smooth and stout,  
But, on election day, "the gang"  
Get all their "faithful" out.

The gang know that "its votes that count",  
And for this reason they  
Are wide awake on voting morn,  
And stay that way all day.

The reformer, on the other hand,  
Has talked so much, you know,  
That when the polls are open,  
He's all worn out and slow.

He just forgets that all his work,  
Is not to talk and shout,  
So now he sleeps,—but meantime,  
The gang just "gets them out".

O, speed the day, for it must come,  
When honest men will vote for right,  
When "gangster", "briber" and such terms,  
Shall sink forever from our sight.

When officers shall seek the men,  
And politicians be unknown,  
When Lucro shall step down and out  
And Justice sit upon the throne.

Just help it on, ye honest men,  
Nor be content to rest or wait  
Until, like Rome, we totter, fall—  
And sink, oblivious to our fate.

BRISTOLITE.

The Best Pills Sold  
For Young or Old  
Dad's Little Liver Pills.  
Sold at Swan's drug store.

### Allen Gled in France.

With the view of ascertaining the proportion of foreign gold coin, compared with the French, the director of the French mint requested the Bank of France to obtain 50,000 pieces from the tills of different branches in the provinces. An examination of that coin showed that 41,683 were French and 8,317 foreign, the latter representing nearly 17 per cent. The alien gold was principally Belgian, Italian, Austro-Hungarian, Swiss, Russian, Greek, Spanish, etc.

Ring's Dyspepsia Tablets give immediate relief and permanently cure dyspepsia, indigestion and all stomach and bowel troubles. Sold at Swan's drug store.

## Ayer's

When the nerves are weak everything goes wrong. You are tired all the time, easily discouraged, nervous, and irritable. Your cheeks are

## Sarsaparilla

pale and your blood is thin. Your doctor says you are threatened with a nervous breakdown. He orders this grand old family medicine.

"For more than 50 years I have used Ayer's Sarsaparilla in my family. It is a grand tonic at all times, and a wonderful medicine for impure blood."—D. C. HOLT, West Haven, Conn. \$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

Keep the bowels regular with Ayer's Pills, just one pill each night.

### MILLBURN, ILL.

Mrs. C. E. Denman was visiting with her sister in Roger's Park last week.

John Chopé is building a new barn in place of the one destroyed by the cyclone.

The C. E. business meeting will meet with Mrs. Wm. White Friday evening, April 15.

Mrs. F. T. Lee went to Evanston Thursday and returned Saturday, accompanied by her son Harold.

The remains of Mrs. Elizabeth Murie were laid to rest in the Millburn cemetery, Saturday, April 9. She formerly lived in Millburn and is well known in western Lake county. She was 77 years of age and leaves five children, all well known residents of the county: John, Grayslake; Allen, Lake Forest; James, Grange; Alex., Mrs. Harrower, Waukegan.

### Makes a Clean Sweep.

There nothing like doing a thing thoroughly. Of all the salves you ever heard of, Bucklen's Arnica Salve is the best. It sweeps away and cures, burns, sores, bruises, cuts, boils, ulcers, skin eruptions and piles. It's only 25c, and guaranteed to give satisfaction by J. H. Swan, druggist.

### Impossible.

He can compose sonatas, suites, and symphonies even, maybe, But he's quite at a loss when his wife requests That he'll compose the baby.

—Philadelphia Bulletin.

The health and fragrance and strength of the great pine forests are condensed in Pinesol—a new discovery put up in a new way. A cure for Bright's disease, calculus, rheumatism, lumbago and every form of urinary disturbance. Sold at Swan's drug store.

### Rather Growsome Reminder.

Dr. August F. Reinhold of San Francisco, died recently. His widow has had his bones cleaned and articulated and will keep them in her private apartments, where she and her infant son can see them constantly.

You cannot cure piles by external application. Manzan is put up in a collapsible tube, with nozzle, and is applied, where most needed. Manzan stops the pain, soothes, cools and cures. Sold at Swan's drug store.

### Has Right to Pray for Japan.

At least one man in Missouri piously prays that victory may perch on the banner of the Jap in the war now being waged. This is Colonel John Sobleski of Richmond, lineal heir of King John Sobleski of Poland.

## Over-Work Weakens Your Kidneys.

Unhealthy Kidneys Make Impure Blood.

All the blood in your body passes through your kidneys once every three minutes.

The kidneys are your blood purifiers, they filter out the waste or impurities in the blood. If they are sick or out of order, they fail to do their work.

Pains, aches and rheumatism come from excess of uric acid in the blood, due to neglected kidney trouble.

Kidney trouble causes quick or unsteady heart beats, and makes one feel as though they had heart trouble, because the heart is over-working in pumping thick, kidney-poisoned blood through veins and arteries.

It used to be considered that only urinary troubles were to be traced to the kidneys, but now modern science proves that nearly all constitutional diseases have their beginning in kidney trouble.

If you are sick you can make no mistake by first doctoring your kidneys. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases and is sold on its merits.

by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail. Home of Swamp-Root, free, also pamphlet telling you how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. Mention this paper when writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root. Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

### EXTRA

### MARCH

## BARGAINS

Remember We Sell the Selz Shoe

...SELZ SHOE...

## WILLIAMS BROTHERS, ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS

49 lb. sack "Williams Bros. Best" Flour.....\$1.85  
49 lb. sack Pillsbury's Best XXXX Flour..... 1.95  
(The big Chicago stores quote best flour per barrel \$5.90)  
10 lb. kitta Bay City White Fish..... 70c  
No. 1 White Fish, in bulk, per lb., only..... 10c  
Extra Spanish Mackerel, a fish..... 10c  
Extra Blotters, 2 for..... 5c  
The best Sample Japan Rice, worth 8c, only..... 5c  
Santa Clara Cal. Prunes, 40-50 worth 10c, only..... 8c  
A Coffee equal to any 25c, at..... 20c  
A Coffee equal to any 30c, at..... 25c  
Best Japan Tea 50c, 5 lb..... 2.25  
A fine Japan Tea Siftings..... 20c  
(You may soon pay much more for Japan Teas)

### TREVOR, WIS

Mr. and Mrs. Hensell were Antioch visitors Thursday.

Jacob Drom is quite sick, being threatened with pneumonia.

Will Krackman, of Rockford, Ill., was calling on Trevor friends Friday.

Mrs. Aichtenberg entertained two sisters from near Burlington over Sunday.

Lizzie Runyard spent Saturday and Sunday with Carrie Graves who is quite sick.

Mr. and Mrs. Dow Vincent, of Wilmet, visited Mr. and Mrs. Watson on Monday.

Mr. Wm. Winchell, of Randall, spent Wednesday with his daughter and family, Mrs. Hiram Patrick.

Mrs. Palmatier, of Randall, spent Wednesday with her daughter, Mrs. George Patrick, on Wednesday last.

Little Elenor Fenner, who has been spending some time with her parents in Chicago, was expected home on Saturday.

School commenced on Monday morning with a good attendance. Byron Patrick and Luther Taylor were among the number.

The Woodmen of Trevor Camp took charge of the funeral of George Davis, which was held at the Methodist church in Antioch. Interment in the Antioch cemetery.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Davis, of Delevan, Wis., came Monday to attend the funeral of their brother George Davis, who was accidentally drowned nearly three weeks ago. The body being found on Sunday morning last.

Where One Stark Won Fame.  
Admiral Stark, the Russian commander who suffered so severely at Port Arthur, is of Scotch descent, a fact which moves the London Chronicle to remark that the name Stark is pure Scotch, "though most of those who made it famous attained their celebrity in England." Possibly the Chronicle did not care to recall that one John Stark won at least a certain kind of celebrity at Bennington, Vt., in revolutionary times.

A Great Sensation.  
There was a big sensation in Leesburg, Ind., when W. H. Brown, of that place, who was expected to die, had his life saved by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. He writes: "I endured insufferable agonies from Asthma, but your New Discovery gave me immediate relief and soon thereafter effected a complete cure." Similar cures of Consumption, Pneumonia, Bronchitis and Grip are numerous. It's the peerless remedy for all throat and lung troubles. Price 50c and \$1.00. Guaranteed by J. H. Swan, druggist. Trial bottles free.

Dialikes Sunday "Affairs."  
Bishop Satterlee, Dr. Hamlin and other Washington clergymen are loud in denouncing the fashion of Sunday afternoon social entertainments in that city. These functions had their origin in the home of Secretary Robeson, while Grant was president.

Bee's Honey and Tar will prevent or cure pneumonia. It will utterly destroy the germs of the disease. It is marvelously efficacious in every form of lung inflammation, tons up the exhausted glands and builds up the muscular tissues. Cures all coughs, croup, whooping cough and expels colds in one night. Try it. Sold at Swan's drug store.

Same Thing.  
"Say!" exclaimed the tough citizen, as he lined up in front of the bar, "gimme a loaded acrobat."  
"Wot's dat?" queried the barkeep.  
"Tumbler full uv whisky. See?" rejoined the thirsty party.

Pinealve contains all the antiseptic and healing properties of the pine. There is no sore, boil or abrasion of the skin that Pinealve will not cure. For burns and cuts and as a family salve Pinealve is the best in the world. Sold at Swan's drug store.

## INVESTIGATE

BEFORE YOU BUY YOUR SUPPLY OF PAINT

In these days of sharp competition it is well to see to it that you get what you pay for. There are so many brands of House Paints on the market nowadays, advertised as "Pure" (but little better than "dope") that a man ought to know positively what he is buying. We suggest to those about to paint to make a practical test and convince themselves. Buy a small can of Monarch Mixed Paint and one of any other brand with which you may have been favorably impressed, selecting about the same colors and paint out a few feet. Carefully measure the paint so that you use no more of one than the other. Thus, with the conditions the same, you can determine for yourself which paint has the better body or covering capacity, which spreads the smoothest and looks the best. If you do not decide in favor of the Monarch Paint we will refund the money you paid for the can of Monarch used in the experiment.

**MONARCH PAINT**  
is guaranteed absolutely pure and sold subject to chemical analysis.  
**MONARCH PAINT**  
in point of covering capacity and durability is unsurpassed by any painting material made.  
**MONARCH PAINT**  
being made of pure materials covers 25 per cent more surface, wears longer, and is more economical than adulterated paint.

## A. N. TIFFANY & COMPANY

UNION BLOCK, ANTIOCH, ILL.

## F. HENRY YORKE, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon

Special Attention to Women, Children and Nasal Catarrh.

OFFICE HOURS: 8:00 to 10:00 a. m.  
2:00 to 8:00 p. m.  
Phone 201.

## C. H. BARBER, Oph. D.

Watch, Clock and Jewelry Repairing.

Remember Dr. Barber makes a specialty of the Eye.

Olcott House, Main St., Antioch.

## Farmers & Renters

If you would like land at bargain prices, in a good climate, will treat you right.

Refer you to Henry Ingalls, Antioch, Illinois.

## G. S. INGALLS,

DONIPHAN, MISSOURI.

## BEE'S Laxative HONEY AND TAR

An improvement over all Cough, Lung and Bronchial Remedies. Cures Coughs, Strengthens the Lungs and Gently Moves the Bowels.

Pleasant to the taste and good alike for Young and Old.

PREPARED BY Pinello Medicine Co., Chicago, U. S. A.

Sold at Swan's Drug Store.

## J. C. James, Jr., Justice of the Peace, Notary Public

Collections, Legal Work, Fire Insurance

Special Agent

PRUDENTIAL LIFE INSURANCE

## Ayer's Pills

The dose is one, just one pill at bedtime. Sugar-coated, mild, certain. They cure constipation.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Use

## BUCKINGHAM'S DYE

THE DYE IS ONE, JUST ONE PILL AT BEDTIME. SUGAR-COATED, MILD, CERTAIN. THEY CURE CONSTIPATION.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Use



# The Secret Dispatch

By JAMES GRANT

CHAPTER XVI.—(Continued.)

He feared to look much, or often, toward the distant wood of the Honey Tree lest watchful eyes might be upon him to gather hints therefrom; still more did he fear to visit Natalie again, lest, by doing so, he might lead to the discovery and arrest of all. So the days and nights of dread, of longing and suspense, passed slowly after each other now.

The barriers of rank and wealth had all been removed now and Natalie was reduced to a level lower even than her lover's; yet he cursed the mad schemes that had brought about such a revolution and tossed feverishly and sleeplessly on his bed when he thought of Natalie Mierowina—his own loving and beloved Natalie—so delicate and so tender, with her white soft skin and silky hair, her earnest and beautiful eyes, lurking among stern and outworn soldiers in yonder damp cavern of the rocks, upon her bed of leaves and moss. The whole affair reminded him of some of the old Scottish raids, or Jacobite plots, of years long passed away; and it was fated to resemble the former more strongly in some of its features, as the dark sequel will show.

The guards and sentinels at Schlossburg were doubled; the patrols were incessant by land, while on the lake the gunboats of Admiral Mackenzie cruised near the walls; the cannons were loaded; the watchwords changed sometimes twice within four-and-twenty hours; and the general state of preparation for a sudden attack was unrelaxing. But time passed on quietly until the night of the 15th of September, when the crowning catastrophe came.

CHAPTER XVII.

The past day had been unusually gloomy for the season. The sun had set in fierce clouds beyond the spires of St. Petersburg. The night was without a moon and a strong east wind rolled the waters of the Ladoga in billows of ink hue against the massive walls of the fortress in foam and fury on one side; while on the other the waters of the Neva, swollen by recent rains, gurgled and chafed round the moldy and moss-grown piers of the drawbridge.

Since morning roll-call, Jagouski, the knighted, beaten and ill-used Cossack, had been moaning; he had quitted the fortress on some trivial pretext and had not since returned; patrols had seen nothing of him. Then Colonel Bernikoff was more than ever on the alert; but Balgonie, who now deemed anything better than the torture of suspense, had gone weary and feverishly to bed, to court for a time the happiness of oblivion, after having spent nearly the entire day upon the lake with an armed boat's crew, patrolling by water.

From sleep, however, a sudden sound aroused him; he looked at his watch, and saw that the hands indicated 12 o'clock, midnight. In another moment the sound came again—the drums were beating to arms! He heard the clamor of hoarse Muscovite voices in court and corridor; the changing of the castle bell; and he saw the gleam of torches reddening the old black walls and towers, and flaring on the grated windows as they were come to and fro.

His heart was beating with wild anxiety as he threw on his staff uniform, belted his sabre about him, placed his pistols in his girdle, and hurried forth to meet—it might be cross blades—with the only friends he had in Russia!

As he crossed the castle yard by torchlight, he could perceive that the Cossacks were falling into their ranks with musketoon and sabre; and that the gunners were standing by their cannon with port fire lighted; the latter casting a pale, ghastly, and unearthly glare upon the yawning embrasures, the walls of the fortress and on their own stolid visages, which were pale and cadaverous, as those of people usually who are hastily summoned from sleep in the night.

The portcullis was up; and Balgonie could see its row of lower bars, like a line of black fangs in an open jaw, between him and the outline of the lighted archway.

"What is the matter, Colonel Bernikoff?" he asked; "what is the cause of all this alarm?"

"Matter enough! We have had an alarm—the place seems to be invested by troops—infantry of the line—the head of a column—look for yourself, Balgonie!" exclaimed Bernikoff.

To omit the Christian name of a person addressed, and that of his father, also, is a direct insult in Russia; but Balgonie heeded it not. He hurried to the entrance wall which faced the land side, the outer gate, and drawbridge, and then, by the light of a torch, he could see that which certainly seemed to be the head of a column—a front rank of nearly fifty men, clad in the hideous uniform then worn by the Russian army. Their coats were green, lined and faced with red, very tight in the body, with preposterously long skirts, tight breeches and boots to the knees, with cocked hats, having long flannel flaps to cover the ears in winter.

By the light of the same torch Balgonie could see the bayonets fixed; and that two officers, with their sabres drawn, and a drummer, were in front of their little line. Having possession of the parole and countersign, which, no doubt, was betrayed to them by the absent Jagouski, the whole party had contrived to elude the sub-lieutenant in charge of the outer guard, and were now past the first barrier, and had actually taken possession of the drawbridge, which they had lowered across the Neva. The guard and guns of the second barrier were yet to be forced or passed; and thus those midnight visitors were in a species of trap.

Too well could Balgonie recognize in the two officers Basil Mierowitz, wearing the familiar uniform of the Regiment of Smolensko; and Usakoff, in the gray trappings of the Grenadiers of Valikoluz, and now, for a second time, their drummer beat a summons for a parley; but as yet there was no response to the call.

Balgonie hastened after Bernikoff and the other officers. They had now ascend-

ed to the chamber of the unfortunate Ivan, from whose presence they had somewhat roughly expelled the chaplain, Father Chrysostom. On entering, he found that the royal palace had sprung from bed—inspired by natural alarm, on finding his chamber suddenly entered at midnight, and full of armed men; but Ivan manifested no indignation—he was too gentle, too subdued, and completely broken in spirit for that.

His singularly beautiful face was very pale; there was a strange calmness in his manner; and whatever he thought or anticipated, there was more of calm inquiry than of fear in his tone and in the expression of his fine, soft eyes. Over his night dress he had thrown a robe de chambre of fine scarlet cloth edged with white ermine; and in his attire, with his long hair and delicate features, so chastened in expression by long solitude and complete seclusion from the outer world, he seemed more like a tall handsome woman than a young man of three-and-twenty years.

"What is this you tell me, Colonel Bernikoff," he was asking, as Balgonie entered; "my unhappy life threatened, say you?"

"Even so," said Bernikoff hoarsely, while averting his stealthy eyes from the young man's open and earnest face; "even so, Ivan Antonovitch; but your death will not be of our seeking."

"Whose, then?"

"Your friends."

"And wherefore?"

"There are those without the gates who seek you, and you must not fall alive into their hands," said Captain Vlasoff sternly, as he felt the point of his sabre with a finger.

"Alas! I do not understand who can come to seek me!" replied the poor prince, shuddering now, while an expression of horror began to spread over his fine face—a horror gathered from the fierce and relentless aspect he read in the visages of those around him—and he withdrew a pace or so toward his bed, saying in a touching voice:

"Ah, do not leave me, good Colonel Bernikoff, or at least give me a sword—a sword!"

"Fool—child—dolt! thou with a sword, and for what purpose?" thundered Bernikoff, as he sought to lash himself into the requisite pitch of fury; "for what purpose, I say?"

"That I may defend myself."

"Thou needst not," said Tschekin, with a cold smile; "we shall take care of you."

"Oh, Carl Ivanovitch Balgonie, my friend, my good friend; you I can trust—you I can command—come hither, and remain by my side," said the prince, in an imploring accent, as a solemn forbidding came upon him when he saw the sabers stealthily drawn from their scabbards on every side; and even the terrible Nicholas Pavlovitch drawing near, dagger in hand, with his long lock of hair, his scowling front, and a cruel expression, the very lust of blood in his deep-set, stony eyes. "Carl, Carl," cried Ivan; "your hand!"

"Captain Balgonie—he here!" roared Bernikoff, with one of his terrible maledictions.

"Oh, excellency!" implored Balgonie, scarcely knowing what he should ask or urge.

"Begone, sir, to the barrier gate, and keep the guard there to their duty—begone, sir, I command you, on your allegiance to the Empress!"

To refuse or linger were alike impossible, though a wild cry of entreaty escaped the lips of the young prince, who sprung forward, and was thrust roughly back toward his couch by many hands and many leveled weapons.

The sword of Dumnores, which had hung over his unhappy head so long, was about to descend at last!

Balgonie, his heart swollen almost to bursting with shame, rage and grief, rushed down the stair of the keep; but at the foot, and just as he passed where the old chaplain Chrysostom was saying devoutly on his knees the prayers for the dying, he heard a shrill and protracted cry of agony ring through the vaulted tower—a cry that made his blood run cold!

Humanity, generosity, and all his own good impulses would have drawn him back to the side, and, if possible, to the aid, of Ivan; but the force of discipline, and a knowledge of his own utter powerlessness, made him pause, for he was but one man—a foreigner, too—opposed to a whole garrison of ferocious and unscrupulous soldiers.

When, from the inner barrier gate, he looked up to the window of Ivan's room, he saw that the lights had been extinguished and all was darkness now.

CHAPTER XVIII.

When Bernikoff appeared with his group of officers, Charlie Balgonie perceived that there were spots of blood upon his long, white leather gauntlets, that his sabre blade was broken off within six inches of the hilt, and that a terrible expression of ferocity clouded his features and those of all around him.

At that moment the drummer of the summoners beat a call for the third time, and Bernikoff, advancing to the wicket, in the palisades of the second inner gate, opened it, and, with a great sternness of manner, demanded what they required.

"The release of His Imperial Majesty Ivan IV.," replied Basil Mierowitz, in a firm voice, while courteously saluting Bernikoff in recognition of his superior rank.

"If I refuse—"

"You do so at your own peril," replied Basil, as sternly and as proudly as if, instead of a few discontented deserters and enthusiasts, the whole armies of Russia were at his back.

"You cannot be mad enough, Basil Mierowitz, to think of assaulting me?"

"That may or not be, excellency, according to circumstances," was the reply.

"What troops are those under your orders?"

"A guard of honor for the Emperor, if you peacefully comply—the first portion of an invading force if you refuse," replied Mierowitz; but a sinister gleam

of triumph flashed in the malicious eyes of Bernikoff, who gathered more of his real weakness from this evasive reply than the rash young noble intended.

"Listen, Colonel Bernikoff," he continued, while drawing from his breast a long paper of official aspect, to which several green and scarlet seals were attached. "Her Majesty Catharine II., having come to the conclusion of resigning the imperial crown and of replacing it on the head of the Empress Ivan, whom she now feels herself compelled to acknowledge as her lawful sovereign, though basely deposed in infancy by her predecessors, the Empress Elizabeth, and the Emperor Peter III.; therefore she hereby commands you, Colonel Bernikoff, Governor of her Castle of Schlossburg, to set the prince at liberty, with all speed and honor."

For a document and summons of this artful and remarkable nature, Bernikoff was altogether unprepared. For a moment he grew deadly pale, but for a moment only, and glanced at the startled faces of those around him. Had he been too precipitate in bloodshed?

"Where is Her Majesty just now?" he asked.

"In the palace of the Czars, at Norgorod."

"Was Norgorod so empty of all the great nobles and officers of Russia that a document of such a nature was intrusted to a mere lieutenant of infantry—a deserter from Livonia?" said Bernikoff, with a sudden rage. "Tis an imposture—a forgery; there is but one monarch on earth, the Empress Catharine; and you, Mierowitz, and all who league with you, are but base dogs and traitors!"

"Forward!" cried Basil, brandishing his sabre; "storm the gate—bayonet all who oppose us!"

"Long live Ivan Antonovitch—long live the Emperor!" exclaimed his soldiers, rushing forward. But the wicket in the palisades was at once closed, and secured against them by an enormous transverse beam of wood; and though a confused volley of musketry was exchanged between them and the main guard, no one was struck, save Bernikoff, who staggered back into the arms of Vlasoff, having been bayoneted in the breast by the deserter Jagouski, who drove his weapon between the palisades, nearly finishing what Basil had begun by the blow of a musket, but which crushed the colonel's hat and nearly fractured his skull.

"Ah! dogs and Asiatics, you have struck me!" shouted Bernikoff, whose voice was hoarse with rage and pain. "Don't know the penalty of wounding an officer of striking a soldier who wears a decoration?"

"Accursed Tartar, I neither know nor care. I revenge my brother's death at Zorodoff, my own wrongs, and the murder of Peter III!" replied the exulting Cossack, with a bitter laugh.

"May my right hand wither, and my tongue cleave to the roof of my mouth, when most I need them both! If I have not a terrible vengeance for all this work!" cried Bernikoff. "Vlasoff, Tschekin, show them their prince!"

While the undaunted Basil and his friend Usakoff, with their soldiers, proceeded to wheel round a cannon of the outworks, a thirty-two pounder, for the purpose of blowing open the wicket inner barrier; and while Balgonie, a silent but excited and sick-hearted spectator of the whole affair, lingered close by, heedless whether the round-shot and grape, with which they were charging the gun, came his way or not—a window in the first story of the keep was dashed open, and while every torch and every eye were uplifted to the place, a terrible spectacle, which lasted all into momentary silence, was exhibited.

It was the dead body of the young and handsome Ivan, suspended by the neck, at the end of a rope, stripped even of his night dress, cold and white as the marble of Paros, and gashed with ten gaping wounds.

(To be continued.)

DELAYED BY COLD WEATHER.

Time Tables Broken by Thick Oil, Poor Coal, Frozen Water, Etc.

Reasons are numerous for trains being behind in exceedingly cold weather, but railroad men are always extremely careful not to acknowledge that trains are behind, except in individual instances.

Passenger trains are as often delayed by freights, it is said, as by anything else. Freights have a hard row to hoe in cold weather. They stop so often that they cannot keep warm. The oil in the boxes of the journals freezes or becomes hard after the train has stood for a few minutes, and it is impossible to start up. Perhaps the train gets half-way into a switch or out of it and cannot move another inch. Then a passenger comes along and cannot get by. This hardening of the oil in the axles is the worst trouble. The train must run ten or fifteen miles before friction warms it to easy running.

There is great difficulty in getting up steam in cold weather. Everything is cold about the engine. Conditions are not normal and the machine—for an engine is as much a machine as any other—will not work well. Often it is impossible to get up steam. Sometimes the pipe freezes between the engine and the tender, preventing water from running from the supply tank into the boiler. This, however, is not common. Even the railroads have trouble with their coal. If the fireman chances to shovel in poor coal on a very cold day it will not make a hot fire.

Officials are not anxious to make time in cold weather. They know that more breaks and defects in rolling stock will come to light with the first hard freezing of the winter than in all the rest of the year, and they know that more accidents are likely to occur during cold weather than at any other time. A wheel or a weak rail that has stood the test of all the rest of the year may break during the first cold snap and cost a hundred lives.

Even passengers delay trains in cold weather, though they do not know it. They take a long time to put on their wraps and they walk slower in getting into the cars. Each little station requires a longer stop to do the same amount of business than on other days.—Milwaukee Free Press.

## SIGHTS AT THE FAIR.

WONDERS OF THE GREAT ST. LOUIS EXPOSITION.

There Are a Sufficient Number of Interesting Features to Occupy One's Entire Time, No Matter How Long His Stay May Be.

St. Louis correspondence:

No matter how carefully one may have read of the wonders of the World's Fair, the visitor cannot conceive of its great magnitude, impressive beauty and intensely interesting character until he visits it.

The 1904 World's Fair is the only great exposition to be complete and ready for the opening of the gates on the time appointed. In a newspaper's limited space it is absolutely impossible to describe, or even catalogue, all of the features that will appeal to the visitor.

The Inside Inn solves one great problem—hotel accommodations. A month before the opening this great hostelry, with accommodations for 6,000 guests, was ready for the reception of guests. It is the largest hotel in the world, and is entirely within the exposition grounds. Features of its equipment are: 2,500 sleeping rooms. The kitchen is 200 feet long and 72 feet wide. There are 84 feet of range, thirty steam roasters, vegetable cookers and soup stock kettles; four dish washing machines with a capacity of 40,000 pieces of china an hour; a battery of 15 mammoth coffee urns. There is a sub-kitchen, a laundry, a bakery and a store room, all in the basement. A force of 1,800 trained employees are required to operate the hotel.

The rates prevailing at the Inside Inn are controlled by the Exposition management, and they do not exceed those charged at any first-class hotel in St. Louis in ordinary times. On the European plan the World's Fair visitor may be comfortably lodged for \$1.50 per day, including admission to the exposition. Prices for a luxurious room with bath range up to \$5 per day.

Thirty-eight of the States of the Union have erected magnificent club houses in the wooded section of Forest Park, and have created what is called the Plateau of States. Every type of approved architecture is represented. The World's Fair visitor, no matter from what section, will find the hospitable portals of these mansions always open to him. Despite the immensity of the World's Fair grounds, covering, as they do, 1,240 acres—two square miles—every section is of easy access. Thirty-five miles of splendid roadway intersect the grounds. The Intra-Mural Railroad, with 14 miles of tracks, whisks the visitors to any section in rapid time on the payment of one fare. The miniature steam railways have 12 miles of track and complete the most elaborate transportation scheme ever designed for any exposition.

The Casque feature of the World's Fair, the center of the "main picture" for beauty and grandeur totally eclipses all the courts of honor of former great expositions. Crystal waters, springing from three monumental fountains, plunge down as many cascades a distance of 300 feet, with a fall of 80 feet, and enter the grand basin. Here the waters divide and fill two miles of marble-revetted lagoons two miles in length. Beautiful and picturesque small craft ply these waters and afford the World's Fair visitor an unrivaled view of the majestic architecture of the splendid structure of the main exhibit palaces.

Eleven million dollars will scarcely cover the United States government's participation in this greatest of all World's Fairs. The government building is the largest, handsomest and most expensive ever built for exposition purposes by any government. In it are unrivaled displays by the Smithsonian Institution, the Navy, War, Postoffice, Treasury, Agriculture and other departments. The display of big guns is made outside of the building, and the largest and most powerful guns ever made are mounted and manned by Uncle Sam's most expert artillery men. The Government Fisheries, in one of the most graceful of the many handsome structures, possesses exhibits of the keenest interest. A group of sea lions, a school of sturgeons and other animals and fish of the sea sport in an immense pool in the center of the structure. The denizens of the sea, lakes and streams are shown in great glass tanks of clear water. Inter-

esting exhibits are made of fish products, fish culture and models of government fishing boats are shown.

For the first time at any exposition a real mint may be seen in operation at the World's Fair. In the government building, at the close of the exposition the machinery will be installed in the mint at Denver and will continue to make real coin of the realm.

A great wheel was taken off the coast of Newfoundland last year. Exact measurements were made and this monster of the deep was reproduced in papier maché

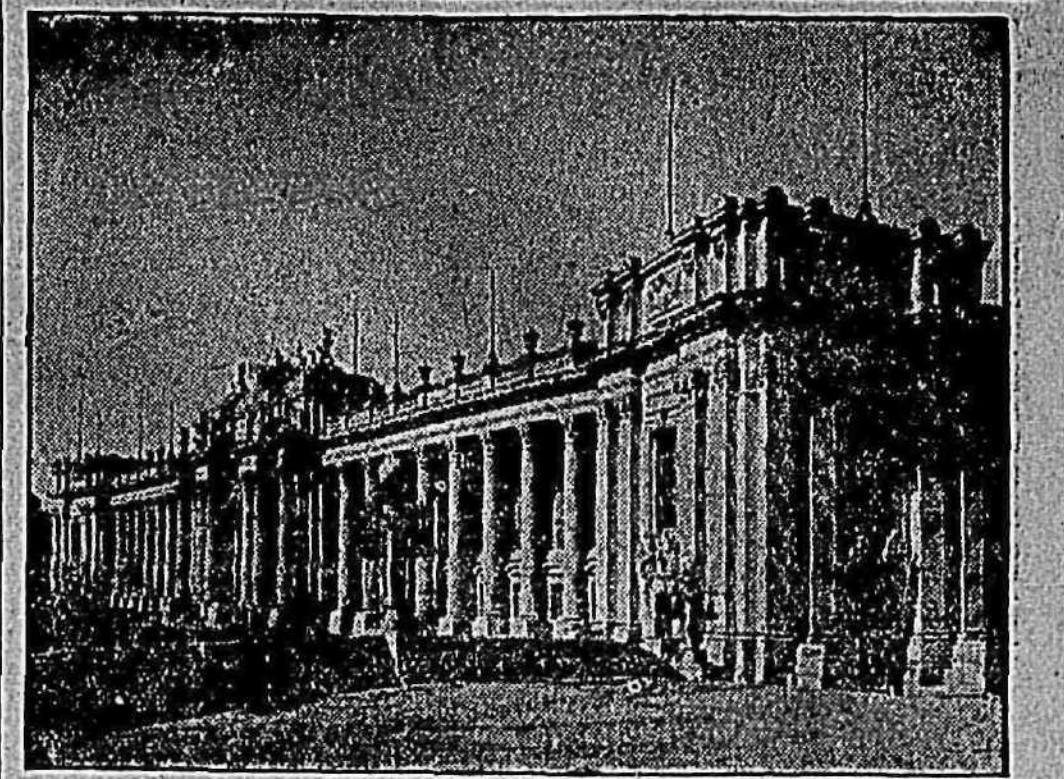
in the most minute detail. It is suspended by cables from the ceiling in the big government building and may be seen from any point in the great structure.

The Pike is the great amusement street of the Exposition, and it is more than a mile long. On both sides of the wide, vitrified brick boulevard are assembled the shows of all nations. To attempt to enumerate the great list of interesting

anything that is edible has a place in this great structure.

Two acres immediately west of the Palace of Agriculture have been converted into a natural garden. There may be seen all the wild flowers and shrubs indigenous to the Mississippi and Missouri valleys.

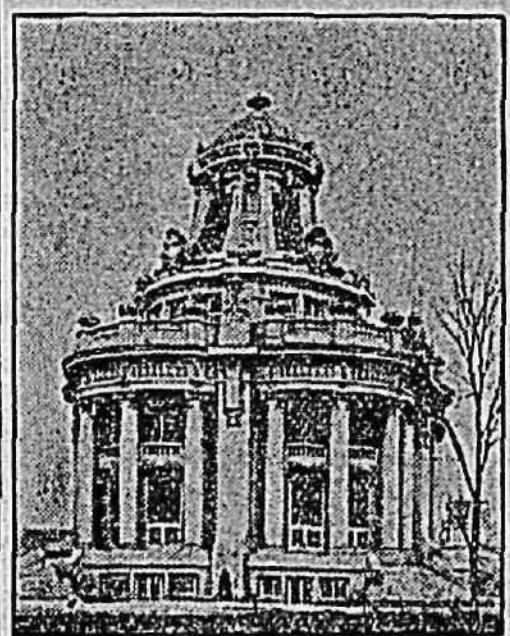
The Palace of Transportation is crowded with a collection of exhibits



PALACE OF EDUCATION.

attractions would be to portray all the quaint customs of all the queer peoples of the world, together with the amusements of the people of all lands. The games of ancient Rome, the diversities of the Orient, the latest and greatest creations of the most famous illusionists, the most comprehensive collection of wild and trained animals, and all other forms of entertainment to amuse and instruct find a place in this unparalleled resort.

China, that most ancient of all nations, whose development has heretofore been shrouded in mystery, lifts the veil at the 1904 World's Fair and displays her progress and attainments. In the foreign section the National Chinese pavilion is among the most striking. It is a reproduction of the residence of Prince Pu Lun, of the royal blood, and that potentate is at the head of the Chinese Commission to the World's Fair and



RESTAURANT PAVILION.

presides in person. China's exhibit is largely confined to the Palace of Liberal Arts, one of the magnificent exhibit buildings. The pavilions are all of celestial design and make and the Chinese section is a veritable forest of typical and ideal pagodas. They contain exhibits of Chinese manufactures never before seen outside of the Flowery Kingdom.

England, France and Germany have all reproduced historic buildings as their national pavilions at the World's Fair. The Orangery, the Grand Trianon and the Castle at Charlottenburg represent three of the most famous and beautiful types of European architecture, and the gardens surrounding them are marvelously beautiful. These three great nations have very large exhibits in all of the exhibit palaces. Italy, between them is keen and each government has expended more than a million dollars that their resources and national achievements may be exploited.

of unrivaled interest. Here may be seen the first steam locomotive ever built and in the same building is a modern locomotive mounted on a monster turntable. The engine runs at the speed of 80 miles per hour, but the motion is taken up by a series of wheels and the snorting monster remains stationary. There are four miles of standard gauge railroad tracks in this great building.

The largest organ in the world has been installed in the Festival Hall, the great structure that marks the center of the Columbian of States. Some of the pipes of this organ are so large that a pony may be driven through them.

The Philippine exhibit is made at a cost of more than a million dollars. Forty acres of ground in the western section is given to this new and unique exhibit. Here have been erected villages of the various tribes, and they are inhabited by more than a thousand natives. Many historic Philippine buildings have been reproduced. A section of the walled city of ancient Manila is a feature. World's Fair visitors may enter the Philippine exhibit without extra cost.

The North American Indians form the basis for a most interesting exhibit provided by the United States government. Indian villages as they were two hundred years ago are reproduced and they are inhabited by real Indians in the picturesque garb of their forest homes. Among the famous chiefs at the Exposition are Chief Joseph and Geronimo. Modern Indian schools, with a full corps of instructors, explain how the United States government has educated and civilized the Indians.

No exposition has ever possessed the wealth of beautiful sculpture that is seen at the present World's Fair. In the Casque region alone is displayed statuary that cost more than half a million dollars. The work of the greatest living artists is shown.

The electric display at the World's Fair is beyond compare. More than 500,000 incandescent electric lights adorn the buildings, and the beauty of architecture is enhanced after nightfall.

The power generated by the Exposition engines is that of 50,000 horses. The greatest power ever generated at any previous exposition was at Chicago, when the power was equal to that of 12,000 horses.

The Jubilee Presents of Queen Victoria are displayed in Hall of Congresses; immediately west of the Administration building. The presents of Pope Leo are also shown in the same building.

Wonderful gardens surround the World's Fair Palaces of Agriculture and Horticulture. On the east side of Agriculture Hall is a ten-acre rose garden. South of it is the aquatic section, where the lily of the Amazon and the lotus of the Nile are star features. Adjoining are the gardens of the deserts, where the plants of the arid region attain per-



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT BUILDING.

Italy has erected a charming villa on a prominent site south of the Administration building, and has surrounded it with typical Italian gardens. Italy makes a strong showing in art. The 400 paintings displayed in the Italian section were selected from 4,000 paintings offered by the Italian artists.

The Palace of Agriculture is the largest exposition building ever built to contain a single department. It covers 23 acres and every foot of floor space is crowded with exhibits from every State in the Union and 51 foreign nations. Ev-

fection on barren rocks and sand dunes. West of Agriculture building is a two-acre wild garden, where all plants indigenous to North America grow as they do in Nature.

The visitor could go on admiring other places and sights than those enumerated here, and find new and many more interesting and beautiful sights. Even were he to pass every one of the 184 days of the life of the Exposition in exploring its beauties and wonders, there would still be things that he had not had time to see and admire to the full.



# A VENERABLE PASTOR CURED BY PE-RU-NA.

**Pe-ru-na is a Catarrhal Tonic  
Especially Adapted to the De-  
clining Powers of Old Age.**

In old age the mucous membranes be-  
come thickened and partly lose their  
function.  
This leads to partial loss of hearing,  
small and taste, as well as digestive dis-  
turbances.  
Pe-ru-na corrects all this by its specific  
operation on all the mucous membranes  
of the body.  
One bottle will convince anyone. Once  
used, and Pe-ru-na becomes a lifelong  
stand-by with old and young.



Rev. J. N. Parker.

**Strong and Vigorous at the Age of  
Eighty-eight.**

Rev. J. N. Parker, Utica, N. Y.,  
writes:  
"In June, 1901, I lost my sense of hear-  
ing entirely. My hearing had been  
somewhat impaired for several years,  
but not so much affected that I could  
hold converse with my friends; but in  
June, 1901, my sense of hearing left me  
so that I could hear no sound whatever.  
I was also troubled with rheumatic pains  
in my limbs. I commenced taking Pe-  
ru-na and now my hearing is restored as  
good as it was prior to June, 1901. My  
rheumatic pains are all gone. I cannot

**The spring is the best time to treat catarrh. Nature renews her-  
self every spring. The system is rejuvenated by spring waters. This  
renders medicines more effective. A short course of Pe-ru-na,  
assisted by the balmy air of spring, will cure old, stubborn cases of  
catarrh that have resisted treatment for years. Everybody should  
have a copy of Dr. Hartman's latest book on catarrh. Address The  
Pe-ru-na Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio.**

## A Friendly Tip.

Native—Wall, who he you?  
Stranger—I am one of a committee ap-  
pointed to investigate the question as to  
why so many lynchings occur in this  
section.  
Native—Wall, I'll tell yeh, honest. It's  
'cause so many strangers come here a-  
pokin' their noses into other people's  
business.

**Ask Your Dealer for Allen's Foot Ease,  
A powder to shake into your shoes. It cures  
the feet. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen  
feet, Itch, Calluses, Acids, Sweating Feet  
and Ingrown Nails. Allen's Foot-Ease  
makes new or tight shoes easy. Sold by all  
druggists and shoe stores. Use at once.  
Write for a free trial. Address Allen S. Olmsted,  
Le Roy, N. Y.**

Eight relatives of Premier Sedden of  
New Zealand draw on an average of  
\$25,000 each in salary from the govern-  
ment.



It Cures Coughs, Croup, Sore Throat, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma.  
A certain cure for consumption in first stages,  
and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once.  
You will see the excellent effect after taking the  
first dose. Sold by druggists everywhere. Large  
bottles 25 cents and 50 cents.

**THE FREE Homestead Lands of  
WESTERN CANADA**  
are the  
Star Attractions  
for 1904  
Millions of acres of magnificent grain  
and grazing lands to be had as a free  
gift, or by purchase from Railway  
Companies, Land Corporations, etc.

**The Great Attractions**  
Good crops, delightful climate,  
splendid school system, perfect  
social conditions, exceptional  
railway advantages, and wealth  
and influence acquired easily.  
CANADA increased 12,000 by immi-  
gration during the past year, over 20,000  
more.

**\$500 Given Away**  
Write us or ask an  
Alabastine dealer for  
particulars and free sample card of  
**Alabastine**  
The Sanitary Wall Cleaning  
Destroy disease germs and vermin. Never  
rub or scrub. You can apply it with  
cold water. Beautiful white and  
delicious taste. Not a disease-breeding  
outlet for bad water glass preparation. Dry  
Alabastine is in 10 packages, properly in-  
cluded, of paint, hardware and drug de-  
partments. Write for a free trial. Address  
Alabastine Co., Grand Rapids, Mich.,  
or 165 Water St., N. Y.



speaking too highly of Pe-ru-na, and now  
when 88 years old can say it has invigor-  
ated my whole system. I cannot but  
think, dear Doctor, that you must feel  
very thankful to the all-loving Father  
that you have been permitted to live,  
and by your skill be such a blessing as  
you have been to suffering humanity."  
—Rev. J. N. Parker.

## A Bishop's Letter.

T. H. Lema, D. D., Bishop 2d Dist.  
A. M. E. of Charlotte, N. C., writes:  
"I recommend your Pe-ru-na to all who  
want a strengthening tonic and a very  
effective remedy for all catarrhal com-  
plaints."—T. H. Lema.  
If you do not receive prompt and sat-  
isfactory results from the use of Pe-ru-na,  
write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a  
full statement of your case, and he will  
be pleased to give you his valuable ad-  
vice gratis.  
Address Dr. Hartman, President of  
The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus,  
Ohio.

**Allen Mortals.**  
Think for a moment of the narrow  
limits of our knowledge! Sixteen hun-  
dred millions of featherless bipeds  
more or less, are picking up a living,  
eating and drinking, marrying and giv-  
ing in marriage, on this pretty planet  
of ours; of what infinitesimal propor-  
tion can you really unveil the secrets  
and gauge the virtues and the happi-  
ness. How many people do you know  
intimately enough to say whether their  
lot is, on the whole, enviable or the  
reverse? Every human being is a for-  
eign kingdom to every other. We make  
a short excursion into their minds; we  
touch at a port here and there; and we  
say glibly that we know them intimately.  
We know not how many dark corners  
are carefully hidden away from all  
strangers, and what vast provinces  
have never been reached in our most  
daring travels. How, then, can we  
judge one another? Such utter igno-  
rance of our neighbor's thoughts and  
motives should make us wondrous  
charitable.

**Women Break Down.**  
Sometimes women  
drift into a condition of  
"half invalid." Contin-  
ual languor, all throes  
out, run down, back-  
ache, nerves shattered,  
headache, terrible pain,  
no appetite, poor diges-  
tion. In nine cases out  
of ten it is because the  
kidneys fail to do their  
work of filtering the poi-  
sonous system waste  
from the blood. The  
kidneys are weak and  
need the strengthening  
help of Don's Kidney  
Pills. Read how these  
pills repair a weakened physical con-  
dition when this condition is caused by  
sick kidneys:

Mrs. Sadie Mettles of 304 W. Fourth  
avenue, Columbus, Ohio, says: "Prior  
to the year 1898 I suffered considerably  
from backache, pain in the head, in-  
dignation and depression and weakness  
of the action of the kidneys. The pain  
was always worse in the morning and  
I felt miserable. I was induced to pre-  
pare a box of Don's Kidney Pills and  
I began their use. They proved prompt  
and effective. They cured me and  
there has been no return of the trouble  
since taking them. I owe all the credit  
to Don's Kidney Pills."

**DR. R. B. THIAI** of this great kid-  
ney medicine which cured Mrs. Mettles  
will be mailed on application to any  
part of the United States. Address  
Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For  
sale by all druggists, price 50 cents per  
box.

**The Insulting Clerk.**  
Mrs. Nurlich—I want to get her a  
pair of swell white gloves to wear to a  
ball.  
Clerk—Yes'm. How long do you want  
them?  
Mrs. Nurlich—See here, young man,  
I ain't talkin' about rentin' 'em. I want  
to buy 'em.—Philadelphia Press.

Two bottles of Pilo's Cure for Con-  
sumption cured me of a terrible cough.—  
Fred Hermann, 209 Box avenue, Buffalo,  
N. Y., Sept. 24, 1901.

# COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL

Special telegrams from correspondents  
of the International Mercantile Agency  
throughout the United States and Can-  
ada report a check to the exceptionally  
good general trade in the Southwest due  
to wet weather, an improvement in the  
central West following more reasonable  
conditions, but some disturbance in re-  
turns as to increased labor troubles and  
in the conflicting reports of the condi-  
tion of the winter-sown wheat.

A depressing influence is shown by the  
strike of Iowa soft coal miners and dis-  
sentions in Pennsylvania, in addition to  
bitterness of the struggle between strik-  
ers and the militia in Colorado and the  
prospect for another tie-up of the New  
York City building industry.

Advises from the Southwest are that  
winter wheat has improved, with good  
rain. In the central West the plant  
is generally well rooted, but thin on the  
ground. Western centers say good corn  
is scarcer than for years. Reports are  
numerous of the poor condition of crib-  
bed corn.

Chicago and New York mail orders  
and reports from visiting buyers begin  
to point to the prospect for an increas-  
ing volume of business in staple mer-  
chandise and retail trade has been the  
best in a long while. In Pittsburgh the  
March business in steel and iron is the  
best in six months, with the tendency  
to larger outputs and some advances in  
prices.

Speculative activity in stocks has turned  
on the results to follow the dissolu-  
tion of the Northern Securities merger.  
Conjecture has pointed to a probable  
renewal of old projects looking to the  
merger of the iron and steel industry in  
the railroad world, especially in the transcon-  
tinentals. Manifest accumulation of  
Union Pacific on a large scale is the  
most substantial basis for a flood of rum-  
ors.

Money has ruled very easy, railroad  
trouble is reported rather better, cheer-  
ful conditions exist in the coal trade, the  
copper market is active and improvement  
is reported in the iron trade, with some  
doubts, however, of the main-  
tenance of the United States Steel pre-  
ferred dividend rate. The latter will be  
fixed on Tuesday next.

Canadian wholesale merchants and  
manufacturers report good gains in nearly  
all lines now that railroads have got-  
ten free of the iron congestion handicap  
and are running at a better tempo than  
for some time. Coal companies are plan-  
ning to increase their outputs. Requests  
for spring and summer goods are note-  
worthy and bank clearings are increas-  
ing.

**Value of Eggs and Poultry.**  
Last year the poultry and eggs pro-  
duced and eaten in the United States  
were worth more than all the gold and  
silver mined in the world during the  
same year. Except for the year 1900,  
the egg product of the country has ex-  
ceeded in value that of its combined gold  
and silver output for every year since  
1850, which takes in the entire bonanza  
period of our history. That, with the  
poultry product, also exceeds in value  
the wheat crop of 25 of the most fruitful  
years of our territories.

Reduced to concrete terms, in 1900  
the egg record of this country was 1,290,-  
000,000 dozen. There are 30 dozen to a  
crate, and 400 crates to a car, so a train  
of cars sufficient to accommodate the  
transportation of all these crates would  
reach from Chicago to Washington, a  
distance of 1,000 miles, and there would  
remain several cars of eggs to spare.  
In 1900 Iowa produced 90,000,  
000 dozen and Ohio 91,000,000, having a  
value of over \$10,000,000 for each State.  
Of course, the incubator has considerable  
to do with poultry production, but  
incubators do not lay eggs. In a single  
year the value of the eggs and poultry  
of the country has been as high as \$280,-  
000,000.

**THE MARKETS**  
Chicago—Cattle, common to prime,  
\$3.00 to \$5.30; hogs, shipping grades,  
\$4.00 to \$5.30; sheep, fair to choice, \$2.75  
to \$4.50; wheat, No. 2 red, 95c to \$1.00;  
corn, No. 2, 51c to 53c; oats, standard,  
38c to 39c; rye, No. 2, 68c to 69c; hay,  
timothy, \$8.50 to \$13.50; prairie, \$6.00 to  
\$11.00; butter, choice creamery, 22c to  
24c; eggs, fresh, 15c to 16c; potatoes,  
\$1.04 to \$1.10.

Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, \$3.00 to  
\$5.25; hogs, choice light, \$4.00 to \$5.30;  
sheep, common to prime, \$2.50 to \$3.75;  
wheat, No. 2, \$1.00 to \$1.02; corn, No. 2,  
white, 48c to 49c; oats, No. 2, white, 41c  
to 42c.

St. Louis—Cattle, \$4.50 to \$5.40; hogs,  
\$4.00 to \$5.25; sheep, \$3.00 to \$5.25;  
wheat, No. 2, \$1.03 to \$1.07; corn, No. 2,  
47c to 48c; oats, No. 2, 41c to 42c; rye,  
No. 2, 67c to 68c.

Cincinnati—Cattle, \$4.00 to \$4.75;  
hogs, \$4.00 to \$5.45; sheep, \$2.00 to  
\$4.25; wheat, No. 2, \$1.05 to \$1.07; corn,  
No. 2 mixed, 51c to 53c; oats, No. 2  
mixed, 42c to 44c; rye, No. 2, 77c to 78c.

Detroit—Cattle, \$8.50 to \$4.75; hogs,  
\$4.00 to \$5.15; sheep, \$2.50 to \$4.50;  
wheat, No. 2, \$1.00 to \$1.02; corn, No. 3  
yellow, 51c to 52c; oats, No. 2, white, 45c  
to 46c; rye, No. 2, 74c to 75c.

**The Hair of the Head.**  
Red-haired people are less subject to  
baldness than others. A doctor ex-  
plains the matter thus. The hair of  
the red-headed is relatively thick, one  
red hair being almost as thick as five  
or three brown hairs. With 80,000 red  
hairs the scalp is well thatched, where-  
as with the same number of fair hairs  
the scalp is comparatively bald. It takes  
nearly 100,000 fair and 100,000 brown  
hairs to cover adequately an ordinary  
head.

**Free to Twenty-five Ladies.**  
The Defiance Starch Co. will give  
25 ladies a round trip ticket to the  
St. Louis Exposition, to five ladies  
in each of the following States: Illi-  
nois, Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas and Mis-  
souri, who will send in the largest  
number of trade marks cut from a ten-  
cent, 16-ounce package of Defiance  
cold water laundry starch. This  
means from your own home, anywhere  
in the above named States. These  
trade marks must be mailed to and  
received by the Defiance Starch Co.,  
Omaha, Neb., before Sept. 1, 1904.  
October and November will be the best  
months to visit the exposition. Re-  
member that Defiance is the only  
starch put up 16 oz. (a full pound), to  
the package. You get one-third more  
starch for the same money than of any  
other kind, and Defiance never sticks  
to the iron. The tickets to the expo-  
sition will be sent by registered mail  
Sept. 5. Starch for sale by all deal-  
ers.

**Uncle Sam's Coffee Bill.**  
It is estimated that the people of the  
United States drink 1,500,000,000 gal-  
lons of coffee in the course of a year,  
at a cost of about 10 cents per gallon.  
The importing cost of the requisite  
quantity of coffee berries for this sup-  
ply at 7 cents a pound, is about \$75,-  
000,000. From this it appears that  
preparation, package, distribution and  
dealers' profits make the price to the  
consumer about double the importing  
cost.

**Don't Use Stimulants.**  
You need a bracer or strengthener  
at this time of the year, but you do  
not want to be left with the depress-  
ing effects which follow the use of  
stimulants. As a tonic or purifier,  
there is nothing better than Dr. Cald-  
well's (Laxative) Syrup Pepsin, which  
acts gently, but effectively, on the  
liver, kidneys, stomach and bowels.  
Don't take the nostrums which are ad-  
vertised under the name of Sarsaparilla,  
Blood Purifiers, etc. No one  
in ten contains a single grain of the  
genuine Sarsaparilla Root or Potas-  
sium Iodide. Take only Dr. Caldwell's  
(Laxative) Syrup Pepsin, which is sold  
by your druggist in 50c and \$1.00 bot-  
tles.

**Up to Date.**  
(Time, 8 p. m. He calls. They meet.)  
"Jack."  
"Jessie."  
"My ounce of radium!"  
"My liquid sunshine!"  
(They clench.)—St. Louis Post-Dis-  
patch.

**Jarring an Actor.**  
"What did you think of my death  
scene?" asked the actor.  
"Well, it seemed to me it came a little  
too late in the piece," was the reply.—  
Chicago Evening Post.

**Deafness Cannot Be Cured**  
by local applications, as they cannot reach  
the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one  
way to cure deafness, and that is by constitu-  
tional remedies. Deafness is caused by an in-  
flamed condition of the mucous lining of the  
Eustachian tube. When this tube gets inflamed  
you have a running ear or imperfect hear-  
ing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is  
the result, and unless the inflammation can be  
taken out and the tube restored to its normal  
condition, hearing will be destroyed forever;  
nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh,  
which is nothing but an inflamed condition  
of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any  
case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot  
be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for cir-  
culars, free.  
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.  
Sold by Druggists, 75c.  
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Eight mills at Harbin produced, dur-  
ing last October, 3,800 barrels of wheat  
flour.  
Carpets can be colored on the floor  
with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES.  
One pound of cork is sufficient to sup-  
port a man of ordinary size in the water.

Mrs. Winslow's Sore Throat Syrup for Children  
teething; softens the gums, reduces inflammation, al-  
leviates pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

**A Bad Fix**  
When one wakes up aching from head to foot, and with  
the flesh tender to the touch, when  
**Soreness and Stiffness**  
makes every motion of the body painful, the surest  
and quickest way out of the trouble is to use  
**St. Jacobs Oil**  
promptly. It warms, relaxes, cures. Price, 25c. and 50c.

**W. L. DOUGLAS**  
\$4.00, \$3.50, \$3.00, \$2.50  
MADE SHOES  
BY THE WORLD.  
W. L. Douglas shoes  
are worn by more  
men than any other  
make. The reason  
is, they hold their  
shape, better wear  
longer, and have  
greater intrinsic  
value than any  
other shoes.

**MEXICAN  
Mustang Liniment**  
cures Cuts, Burns, Bruises,  
etc.



**A prominent Southern lady, Mrs.  
Blanchard, of Nashville, Tenn., tells how  
she was cured of backache, dizziness, pain-  
ful and irregular periods by the use of  
Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.**

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Gratitude compels me to acknowledge the  
great merit of your Vegetable Compound. I have suffered for four years  
with irregular and painful menstruation, also dizziness, pains in the back  
and lower limbs, and fitful sleep. I dreaded the time to come which  
would only mean suffering to me.  
"Better health is all I wanted, and cure if possible. Lydia E. Pink-  
ham's Vegetable Compound brought me health and happiness in a  
few short months. I feel like another person now. My aches and pains  
have left me. Life seems new and sweet to me, and everything seems  
pleasant and easy.  
"Six bottles brought me health, and was worth more than months  
under the doctor's care, which really did not benefit me at all. I am sat-  
isfied there is no medicine so good for sick women as your Vegetable  
Compound, and I advocate it to my lady friends in need of medical  
help."—Mrs. B. A. BLANCHARD, 422 Broad St., Nashville, Tenn.

When women are troubled with irregular, suppressed or painful menstrua-  
tion, weakness, leucorrhoea, displacement or ulceration of the womb, that  
bearing-down feeling, inflammation of the ovaries, backache, bloating (or  
flatulence), general debility, indigestion, and nervous prostration, or are beset  
with such symptoms as dizziness, faintness, lassitude, excitability, irritability, nervousness,  
sleeplessness, melancholy, "all-gone" and  
want-to-be-left-alone feelings, blues and  
hopelessness, they should remember there is one  
tried and true remedy. Lydia E. Pinkham's  
Vegetable Compound at once removes such  
troubles. Refuse to buy any other medicine, for  
you need the best.

**A Severe Case of Womb Trouble Cured  
in Philadelphia.**

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I have been  
cured of severe female troubles by  
the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's  
Vegetable Compound. I was  
nearly ready to give up, but seeing  
your advertisement I purchased one bottle  
of your medicine, and it did me so much  
good that I purchased another, and the result was so satisfactory that I  
bought six more bottles, and am now feeling like a new woman. I shall  
never be without it. I hope that my testimonial will convince women  
that your Vegetable Compound is the greatest medicine in the world  
for falling of the womb or any other female complaints."—Mrs. MAY  
COYR, 2060 Birch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Remember, every woman is cordially invited to write to Mrs.  
Pinkham if there is anything about her symptoms she does not  
understand. Her address is Lynn, Mass., her advice is free and  
cheerfully given to every ailing woman who asks for it.

**Sale Ten Million Boxes a Year.**  
THE FAMILY'S FAVORITE MEDICINE  
**Cascarets**  
CANDY CATHARTIC  
10c, 25c, 50c.  
"THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP."  
All  
Druggists  
**BEST FOR THE BOWELS**

**AGENTS WANTED.**  
**ARE YOU OUT OF EMPLOYMENT?**  
or dissatisfied with your present position? Why not improve  
your condition? We want representatives, salaried, in every  
town, village and city. Home Supply Mfg. Co., Washington, D. C.  
**AGENTS COIN MONEY** Selling our improved  
Coining Machine. Send 10 cents for sample set and terms. Ad-  
dress Victor Jewelry Company, Attleboro, Mass. Dept. 7  
**AGENTS** Sell "BEST YET" Dream Holder. A  
65.50 per cent. MODERN SLEEPER. 10c. 25c. 50c. 10c.  
**AGENTS** Chance to make money,  
and plenty of it, handling  
HEATSEALERS' HATS. For particulars, send  
free Home Supply's Catalogue No. 100 State St., Chicago.

**BUSINESS CHANCES.**  
**THE FAULHABER  
STABLE COMPANY**  
A corporation organized under the laws of the State of New York,  
offer a few shares of its full paid non-assessable treasury stock  
for sale, at a great reduction. Capital stock, \$50,000. Par value  
shares, \$100 each. This company owns and cares over  
\$50,000 of rolling stock, and is selling non-assessable treasury stock for  
the purpose of increasing its rolling stock to take care of the  
increasing business. This proposition is of special interest to  
persons contemplating horse and grain to New York City, as it will  
afford them a New York company to look after their consign-  
ments here. This business has been established since 1860, and  
has made money every year. Shares located at No. 108 West  
42d Street, N. Y. City. John H. Faulhaber, President; Charles Faulhaber,  
Treas. James O. Gregg, Secy. Address all communications to  
**FAULHABER STABLE COMPANY**  
Business Department, Washington Life Insurance  
Building, 141 Broadway, NEW YORK CITY  
Bank and other references furnished on application.

**REAL ESTATE.**  
**FOR SALE, ILLINOIS BOTTOM LANDS.** No  
10 per cent investment. \$50 to \$80 per acre, cash price. Send  
for prospectus. These lands are selling at \$2,000 to \$3,000. 19  
Dearborn Street, Suite 1540, Chicago.  
**4850 ACRE FARM AND RANCH**  
dwellings; abundant water, 200 fine stock cattle; beautiful  
country home, many and big horses from good railroad farms.  
\$25,000. Stamp for reply. R. A. Murray, Canadian, Texas.  
B. N. U. No. 10-1904  
[In writing to Advertisers, please do not fail to men-  
tion the name of the advertisement in this paper.]





# ROTHSCHILD AND COMPANY

STATE & VAN BUREN STREETS, CHICAGO  
Every S. & H. Trading Stamp Represents  
a Positive Saving of Money.

With the adoption of S. & H. Trading Stamp system we offer bargains in every department that never have been equaled. Every stamp represents a positive, definite saving on which you realize a compound interest—equivalent to money deposited in a bank. Your returns are absolutely guaranteed and the strongest merchants in existence stand behind the guarantee.



**S. & H. Green Trading Stamps are as Good as Gold**  
They make it possible for you to secure beautiful articles for the home which otherwise you could not afford. If you are not a collector of the S. & H. Stamps, look into the subject now and see the great benefits you are losing. You have no idea what a powerful factor these stamps are in purchasing transactions. S. & H. Green Trading Stamps given in every department—all you have to do is ask for them.



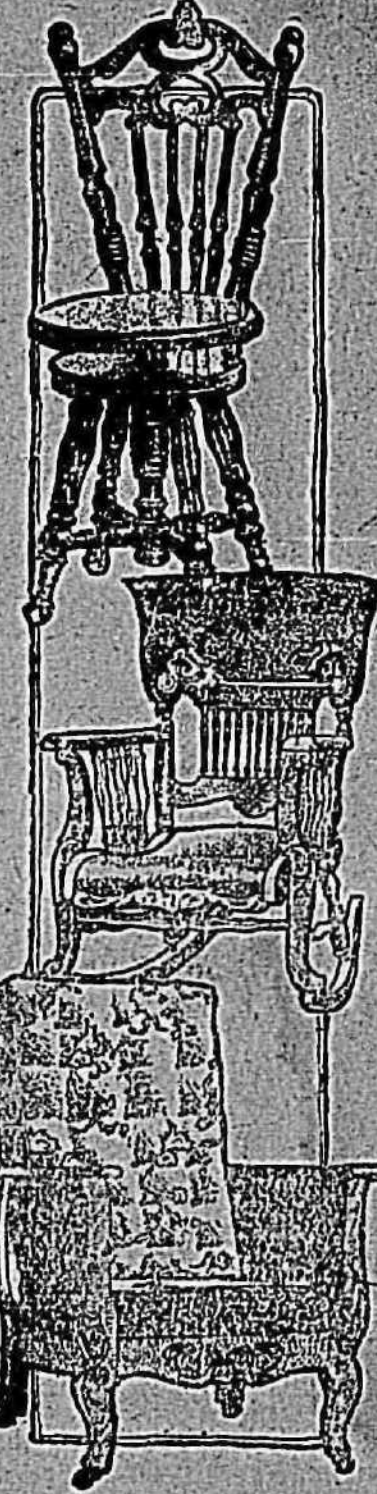
## We Give S. & H. Green Trading Stamps FREE

Free With Every Purchase, Cash, Charge or C. O. D.  
whether you come to the store or order by mail.

**This Means You** If you cannot come to the store to inspect the magnificent premiums and get an S. & H. Green Trading Stamp Book, write us and we will send you a regulation *S. & H. Stamp Book* containing *Complimentary Stamps Absolutely Free*—no restrictions remember, *absolutely free*, regardless of any purchases. *Write today.* Familiarize yourself with the plan. Get started on the way to the Magnificent S. & H. Trading Stamp Premiums. We combine these celebrated little homefitters with values that are guaranteed and prices that are right.

**Remember S. & H. Trading Stamps are Free with all mail orders**

Issued on the basis of one stamp for each ten cents you spend and when ordering by mail all you have to do is to ask for them and they will be enclosed with your purchase.



### Strength of the S. & H. Green Trading Stamp

One hundred and sixty-eight thousand high-class merchants in America are giving the S. & H. Green Trading Stamps to their customers. Twenty-million shoppers are busy collecting them. And Sperry & Hutchinson are spending

#### \$6,000,000 a Year in Magnificent Premiums

for the redemption of the stamps. This great corporation owns and operates more stores than any other firm in the world and has a paid-in cash capital of \$1,000,000, with a guaranteed surplus of \$250,000. The firm is as good as gold—the stamps are as good as gold—the premiums are as good as gold—and none of the three needs anybody's guarantee.

### One S. & H. Green Trading Stamp with each 10 cts. spent.

For every ten cents you spend in any department in the store you are entitled to one of the Green Stamps, which you paste in your book. If you spend 50 cents you get five Stamps—if you spend \$1.00 you get ten stamps, and so on. As there are no fractional Stamps issued, a purchase of 27 cents get two Stamps, 39 cents three Stamps, 42 cents four Stamps, etc., etc.

### S. & H. Green Trading Stamps "Good as Gold"

They are Sound, Safe and Simple. Logical, Liberal and Lasting. These are our conclusions after months of patient investigation. It is our firm belief that the apparently little insignificant little green trading stamp is

One of the Most Powerful Factors that exist in Modern Commercial Enterprises and it is Established Here on a Sound and Permanent Basis.

As usual we go into the very heart of the thing. Sperry & Hutchinson are the originators of the S. & H. Green Trading Stamp. They have established their system in the most powerful department stores in America, and in every case it has operated with signal success. They have many imitators, but THEY STAND SUPREME from every point of view. They have developed the system to its most intelligent point of usefulness.

### Benefits of S. & H. Green Stamp Plan Explained in Detail

We have employed especially for this week two hundred extra attendants, whose sole duty is to distribute absolutely free S. & H. Green Trading Stamps to each caller, and to explain thoroughly the operation of the S. & H. Green Trading Stamp system.

**REMEMBER, S. & H. Green Trading Stamps are free. They cost you nothing. Every one represents a saving.**

### S. & H. Stamp Premiums Unrivaled

The absolute superiority of the S. & H. premiums over those of all other stamp concerns is attested by the leading merchants of New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Chicago, Pittsburg, Buffalo, San Francisco and in all the other great cities of the Union. "Magnificent in every way" is the only expression that will describe them. A few of the larger articles are: Beautiful combination bookcases and writing desks, mahogany music cabinets, elaborately carved Morris chairs and rockers, high-class cameras, onyx stands, ladies mahogany writing desks, bevel edge French plate, mirrors, exquisite chamber sets, library tables, chafing dishes, silver tea sets, silver soup tureens, onyx tables, clocks, magnificent jardiniere and pedestals, violins, mandolins, guitars, and countless other articles too numerous to mention and fit in every way for the most beautiful homes in the land.

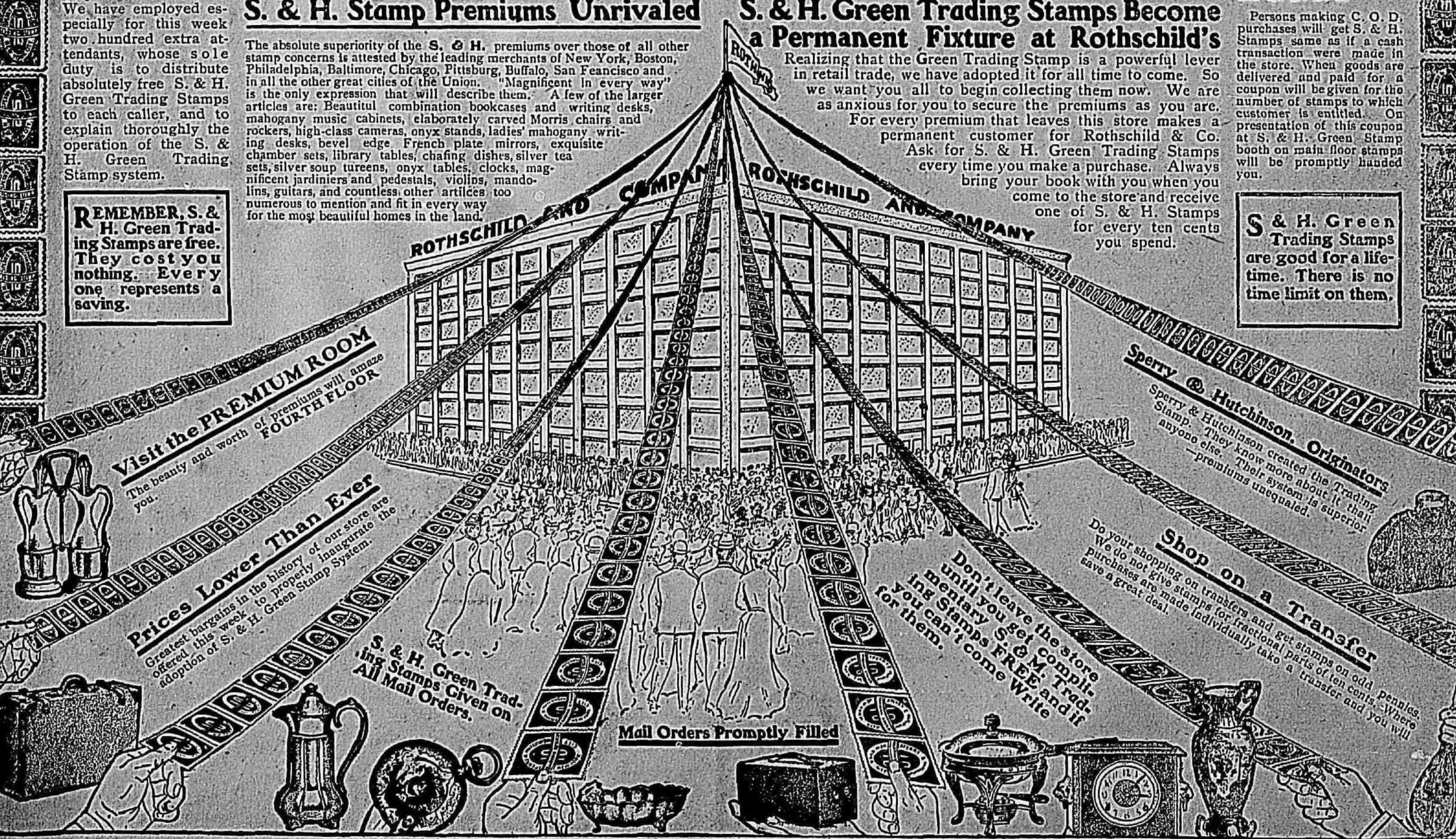
### S. & H. Green Trading Stamps Become a Permanent Fixture at Rothschild's

Realizing that the Green Trading Stamp is a powerful lever in retail trade, we have adopted it for all time to come. So we want you all to begin collecting them now. We are as anxious for you to secure the premiums as you are. For every premium that leaves this store makes a permanent customer for Rothschild & Co. Ask for S. & H. Green Trading Stamps every time you make a purchase. Always bring your book with you when you come to the store and receive one of S. & H. Stamps for every ten cents you spend.

### S. & H. Green Trading stamps given on C. O. D.'s.

Persons making C. O. D. purchases will get S. & H. Stamps same as if a cash transaction were made in the store. When goods are delivered and paid for, a coupon will be given for the number of stamps to which customer is entitled. On presentation of this coupon at S. & H. Green Stamp booth on main floor stamps will be promptly handed you.

**S. & H. Green Trading Stamps are good for a lifetime. There is no time limit on them.**



**Visit the PREMIUM ROOM**  
The beauty and worth of premiums will amaze you.

**Prices Lower Than Ever**  
Greatest bargains in the history of our store are offered this week to properly inaugurate the adoption of S. & H. Green Stamp System.

**S. & H. Green Trading Stamps Given on All Mail Orders.**

**Mail Orders Promptly Filled**

**Don't leave the store until you get complimentary S. & H. Trading Stamps FREE and if for them.**

**Shop on a Transfer**  
Do your shopping on transfers and get stamps on odd pennies. We do not give stamps for fractional parts of ten cents, where purchases are made individually take a transfer and you will save a great deal.

**Sperry & Hutchinson, Originators**  
Sperry & Hutchinson created the Trading Stamp. They know more about it than anyone else. Their system is superior—premiums unequaled.